PCT

COMMUNICATION OF INTERNATIONAL APPLICATIONS

(PCT Article 20)

Date of mailing:

12 January 2001 (12.01.01)

From the INTERNATIONAL BUREAU

To

Commissioner
US Department of Commerce
United States Patent and Trademark
Office, PCT
2011 South Clark Place Room
CP2/5C24
Arlington, VA 22202
ETATS-UNIS D'AMERIQUE

in its capacity as designated Office

The International Bureau transmits herewith copies of the international applications having the following international application numbers and international publication numbers:

International application no.:

International publication no.:

PCT/NL00/00423

The International Bureau of WIPO 34, chemin des Colombettes 1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland

Facsimile No.: (41-22) 740.14.35

Authorized officer:

J. Zahra

Telephone No.: (41-22) 338.83.38

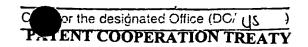


	From the INTERNATIONAL BUREAU
PCT	To:

NOTIFICATION RELATING TO PRIORITY CLAIM

(PCT Rules 26bis.1 and 26bis.2 and Administrative Instructions, Sections 402 and 409) Date of mailing (day/month/year)	VERHEES, Godefridus, Josephus, Maria Brabants Octrooibureau De Pinckart 54 NL-5674 CC Nuenen PAYS-BAS			
12 January 2001 (12.01.01)				
Applicant's or agent's file reference BONG/WO-0256	IMPORTANT NOTIFICATION			
International application No. PCT/NL00/00423	International filing date (day/month/year) 16 June 2000 (16.06.00)			
Applicant				
BONGERS, Cornelis, Margaretha, Theodorus, M	laria			
The applicant is hereby notified of the following in respect of the	priority claim(s) made in the international application.			
1. Correction of priority claim. In accordance with the applicant's notice received on: 27 July 2000 (27.07.00), the following priority claim has been corrected to read as follows: NL 16 June 1999 (16.06.99) 1012346 even though the indication of the number of the earlier application is missing. even though the following indication in the priority claim is not the same as the corresponding indication appearing in the priority document: 2. Addition of priority claim. In accordance with the applicant's notice received on: , the following priority claim has been added: even though the indication of the number of the earlier application is missing. even though the following indication in the priority claim is not the same as the corresponding indication appearing in the priority document: 3. As a result of the correction and/or addition of (a) priority claim(s) under items 1 and/or 2, the (earliest) priority date is:				
4. Priority claim considered not to have been made. The applicant failed to respond to the Invitation under Rule 26bis.2(a) (Form PCT/IB/316) within the prescribed time limit. The applicant's notice was received after the expiration of the prescribed time limit under Rule 26bis.1(a). The applicant's notice failed to correct the priority claim so as to comply with the requirements of Rule 4.10. The applicant may, before the technical preparations for international publication have been completed and subject to the payment of a fee, request the International Bureau to publish, together with the international application, information concerning the priority claim. See Rule 26bis.2(c) and the PCT Applicant's Guide, Volume I, Annex B2(IB).				
5. In case where multiple priorities have been claimed, the al	bove item(s) relate to the following priority claim(s):			
6. A copy of this notification has been sent to the receiving Office X to the International Searching Authority (where the international X the designated Offices (which have already been notified of the designated Offices).	ational search report has not yet been issued).			

The International Bureau of WIPO 34, chemin des Colombettes 1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland	Authorized officer V. Gross	
Facsimile No. (41-22) 740.14.35	Telephone No. (41-22) 338.83.38	



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COMMUNICATION IN CASES FOR WHICH NO OTHER FORM IS APPLICABLE

From the INTERNATIONAL BUREAU

VERHEES, Godefridus, Josephus, Maria Brabants Octrooibureau De Pinckart 54

NL-5674 CC Nuenen

PAYS-BAS

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Date of mailing (day/month/year) 12 January 2001 (12.01.01)	7					
Applicant's or agent's file reference	REPLY DUE see paragraph 1 below					
BONG/WO-0256						
International application No. PCT/NL00/00423	International filing date (day/month/year) 16 June 2000 (16.06.00)					
Applicant						
	argaretha, Theodorus, Maria					
1. REPLY DUE within months/days from the	above date of mailing					
NO REPLY DUE, however, see below						
IMPORTANT COMMUNICATION						
☐ INFORMATION ONLY						
2. COMMUNICATION:						
	applicant that, due to the correction of the priority tion has not been published promptly after the , as provided in PCT Article 21(2)(a).					
International publication will now take place of	International publication will now take place on 22 February 2001 (22.02.01).					
Meanwhile, the International Bureau will come each designated Office, in accordance with PC	municate a copy of the international application to CT Article 20.					
A copy of this notification has been sent to the designated Offices.	receiving Office RO/NL, the ISA/EP and all					
	•					
The International Bureau of WIPO						
34, chemin des Colombettes 1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland	Authorized officer V. Gross					

Telephone No. (41-22) 338.83.38

Facsimile No. (41-22) 740.14.35

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REQUEST

The undersigned requests that the present international application be processed according to the Patent Cooperation Treaty.

For receivin	g Of	fice	use	only	_			
PCT/NL International Application No.	0	0	/	0	0	4	2	3
1 6 JUN International Filing Date	20	00		1	Ó.	06	01	0)
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Name of receiving Office and "I	CT	Inter	mati	onal	App	licat	ion"	ı

Applicant's or agent's file reference

Box No. III FURTHER APPLICANT(S) AND/OR (FURTHER) INVENTOR(S) Name and address: (Family name followed by given name: for a legal entity, full official designation. The address must include postal code and name of country. The country of the address indicated in this Box is the applicant's State (that is, country) of residence if no State of residence is indicated below.) This person is: applicant and inventor inventor only (If this check-box is marked, do not fill in below) State (that is, country) of residence: This person is applicant for the purposes of: I all designated all designated States except the United States of America only the Supplemental Examples of America only applicants and/or (further) inventors are indicated on a continuation sheet. Box No. IV AGENT OR COMMON REPRESENTATIVE; OR ADDRESS FOR CORRESPONDENCE				(if desired) (12 char		naximum) BO	NG/WO-0256
Box No. II APPLICANT Name and address: (Family name followed by given name: for a legal entity full official designation. This person is also inventor. Bongers, Cornellis Margaretha Theodorus Maria Dr. Klompélaan 20 5707 KR Helmond Telephone No. State (that is, country) of nationality: The Netherlands This person is applicant of America only States of America only of the Address must include postal code and name of country. The country of the dadress must include postal code and name of country. The residence is indicated below.) State (that is, country) of residence: This person is applicant of America only of the States of America only of America only of the States indicated below.) This person is applicant of America only of the States indicated below. This person is applicant of America only of the States of America only of the address indicated below.) State (that is, country) of residence if no State of residence is indicated below.) State (that is, country) of nationality: State (that is, country) of residence: This person is applicant and inventor inventor only (if this check-box is marked, do not fill in below.) State (that is, country) of residence: This person is applicant and inventor inventor only (if this check-box is marked, do not fill in below.) State (that is, country) of residence: This person is applicant only of the supplemental inventor of the purposes of: State (that is, country) of residence: The person is applicant only (if this check-box is marked, do not fill in below.) State (that is, country) of nationality: State (that is, country) of residence: This person is applicant only (if this check-box is marked, do not fill in below.) State (that is, country) of residence: This person is applicant only (if this check-box is marked, do not fill in below.) State (that is, country) of residence: The person is applicant only (if this check-box is marked, do	Box No. I TITLE	OF INVENTION					
Name and address: (Family name followed by given name: for a legal entity full official designation. The address must include potatol code and name of country. The country of the address indicated to this Box is the applicant's State (that is, country) of residence if no State of residence is indicated below.) Bongers, Cornelis Margaretha Theodorus Maria Dr. Klompélaan 20 5707 KR Helmond The Netherlands The Netherlands The Netherlands The Person is applicant The Netherlands The Netherlands This person is applicant The Netherlands This person is applicant The Netherlands This person is applicant The Netherlands The Purited States of America of America only The All designated designation. The address must include postal code and name of country. The country of the address must include postal code and name of country. The country of the address indicated in this Box is the applicant only of residence if the State of America only State (that is, country) of nationality: This person is applicant and inventor inventor only (If this check-box is marked, do not fill in below) This person is applicant and inventor inventor only (If this check-box is marked, do not fill in below) This person is applicant and inventor This person is applicant and inventor are indicated on a continuation sheet. Box No. IV AGENT OR COMMON REPRESENTATIVE; OR ADDRESS FOR CORRESPONDENCE The person identified below is hereby/has been appointed to act on behalf of the applicants) before the competent International Authorities as: Name and address: (Family name followed by given name; for a legal entity, full official designation. Predictors the co	Working method f	or separately packagi	ing various typ				
Bongers, Comelis Margaretha Theodorus Maria Dr. Klompélaan 20 5707 KR Helmond L. J.	Box No. II APPLIC	CANT		manufactured	d acco	rding to this	working method.
Bongers, Cornelis Margaretha Theodorus Maria Dr. Klompélaan 20 5707 KR Helmond L. L	Name and address: (Fan The address must include p Box is the applicant's State	nily name followed by given n vostal code and name of count v (that is, country) of resident	name; for a legal en try. The country of ce if no State of res	ntity, full official design the address indicated sidence is indicated be	ration. in this low.)	This p	erson is also inventor.
Dr. Klompélaan 20 5707 KR Helmond Total State (that is, country) of nationality: The Netherlands This person is applicant for the purposes of: Box No. III FURTHERAPPLICANT(S) AND/OR (FURTHER) INVENTOR(S) Name and address: (Family name followed by given name: for a legal entity, full official designation. The address must include postal code and name of country) of residence is indicated below) State (that is, country) of nationality: This person is applicant shall be signated by given name: for a legal entity, full official designation. The address indicated in this box is the applicant's State (that is, country) of residence is indicated below) State (that is, country) of nationality: This person is applicant inventor only (If this check-bar is marked, do not fill in below.) Further applicants and/or (further) inventors are indicated on a continuation sheet. Box No. IV AGENT OR COMMON REPRESENTATIVE; OR ADDRESS FOR CORRESPONDENCE The person identified below is hereby/has been appointed to act on behalf of the applicant(s) before the competent International Authorities as: Name and address: (Family name followed by given name: for a legal entity, full official designation. Telephone No. Haddress must include postal code and name of country). Verhees, Godefridus Josephus Maria Brabants Octrooibureau De Pinckart 54 5674 CC Nuenen	Bongers Cornelie	Margaratha Thaadas	ua Maria			Telephone No.	
State (that is, country) of nationality: The Netherlands This person is applicant for the purposes of: Bax No. III FURTHER APPLICANT(S) AND/OR (FURTHER) INVENTOR(S) Name and address: (Family name followed by given name: for a legal entity, full official designated able to not fill in below) State (that is, country) of nationality: This person is applicant so the Supplemental E supplementa			us Mana			+31 492 5	90555
State (that is, country) of nationality: The Netherlands This person is applicant of the purposes of: Box No. III FURTHER APPLICANT(S) AND/OR (FURTHER) INVENTOR(S) Name and address: (Family name followed by given name: for a legal entity, full official designation. The address must include postal code and name of country) State (that is, country) of nationality: State (that is, country) of nationality: This person is applicant of nationality: State (that is, country) of nationality: State (that is, country) of residence: This person is applicant and inventor inventor only (If this check-bar is marked, do not fill in below.) State (that is, country) of nationality: State (that is, country) of residence: This person is applicant and inventor inventor only (If this check-bar is marked, do not fill in below.) State (that is, country) of nationality: State (that is, country) of residence: This person is applicant and inventor inventor only (If this check-bar is marked, do not fill in below.) State (that is, country) of residence: This person is applicant and inventor inventor only (If this check-bar is marked, do not fill in below.) State (that is, country) of residence: The purposes of: State (that is, country) of residence: The purposes of: State (that is, country) of residence: The Durited States of America of America only the United States of America of America of America of Americ	5707 KR Helmond					Facsimile No.	
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This person is applicant for the purposes of: States	State (that is, country) of		ands	State (that is,	country	of residence: The	Netherlands
For the purposes of: Box No. III FURTHER APPLICANT(S) AND/OR (FURTHER) INVENTOR(S) Name and address: (Family name followed by given name: for a legal entity, full official designation. The purposes of: This person is applicant and inventor only (If this check-bax is marked, do not fill in below.) State (that is, country) of nationality: This person is applicant only (If this check-bax is marked, do not fill in below.) State (that is, country) of nationality: State (that is, country) of residence: This person is applicant only (If this check-bax is marked, do not fill in below.) Further applicants and/or (further) inventors are indicated on a continuation sheet. Box No. IV AGENT OR COMMON REPRESENTATIVE; OR ADDRESS FOR CORRESPONDENCE The person identified below is hereby/has been appointed to act on behalf of the applicant(s) before the competent International Authorities as: Name and address: (Family name followed by given name: for a legal entity, full official designation. The address must include postal code and name of country.) Fassimile No. +31 40 2631129 Fassimile No. +31 40 2835615	This person is applicant	all designated [all designate	d States except T			
Name and address: (Family name followed by given name: for a legal entity, full official designation. The address must include postal code and name of country. The country of the address indicated in this Box is the applicant's State (that is, country) of residence if no State of residence is indicated below.) State (that is, country) of nationality: State (that is, country) of nationality: State (that is, country) of residence: This person is applicant and inventor inventor only (If this check-bax is marked, do not fill in below.) State (that is, country) of residence: This person is applicant States of America of America only inventors are indicated of America only of America only inventors are indicated on a continuation sheet. Box No. IV AGENT OR COMMON REPRESENTATIVE; OR ADDRESS FOR CORRESPONDENCE The person identified below is hereby/has been appointed to act on behalf of the applicant(s) before the competent International Authorities as: Name and address: (Family name followed by given name; for a legal entity, full official designation. The address must include postal code and name of country.) Verhees, Godefridus Josephus Maria Brabants Octrooibureau De Pinckart 54 5674 CC Nuenen	for the purposes of:	States	the United St	ates of America	of a	America only	the Supplemental B
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Form PCT/RO/101 (first sheet) (July 1998; reprint July 1999)

See Notes to the request form

Sheet No. .2

The following designations are hereby made under Rule 4.9(a)(mark the applicable check-boxe, at least one must be marked). Regional Patent AP ARIO Patent: CHithma, GM Gambia, KE Kenya, LS Lesotho, MW Malavia, SD Sudan, SL Sierra Leone, SZ Swazziland, Children and	Box N	o V	DESIGNATION OF STATES							
Regional Patent ARPO Patent: GHGhana, GM Gambia, KE Kenya, LS Lesotho, MW Malawi, SD Sudan, SL Sierra Leone, SZ Swaziland UG Uganda, 2W Zimbabwe, and any other State which is a Contracting State of the Harare Protocol and of the PCT of Moldova, RU Russian Patent: AM Armenia, AZ Azrebajan, BY Belarus, KG Kyrgyztan, KZ Kazakhstan, MD Republic of Moldova, RU Russian Federation, TJ Tajikistan, TM Turkmenistan, and any other State which is a Contracting State of the Eurosan Patent: AT Arting By Brain and the PCT and the Eurosan Patent: AT Arting By Brain and Lise Microson, BY Germany, MC Monaco, NL Netherlands, FT Portugal, SE Sweden, and any other State which is a Contracting State of the European Patent Convention and of the PCT and the PCT a	The fo	llowi	ng designations are hereby made under Rule 4.9(a)(ma	rk the	appli	icable check-boxes; at least one must be marked).				
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Working method for separately packaging various types of food in a single package as well as package manufactured according to this working method.

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BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Field of the invention

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The invention relates to a working method for separately packaging various types of food in a single package, comprising: placing food on a tray with various compartments that are open on one side with one type of food placed in each compartment after which a film structure is placed above the open sides of the compartments, whereby above each compartment a part of the film structure is placed, followed by fastening the film structure on the tray around the open sides of the compartments. The term film structure can be understood to mean either one single film or a combination of various films on and/or beside each other, as well as film with a substance or a sticker on it.

Such packages are usually intended to allow consumers to quickly and easily prepare their own meals. Many or all of the necessary ingredients are present so that the consumer himself need not buy all the ingredients separately.

Prior art

Such a working method is known from European patent no. 0 293 794 B1. In this known working method various types of food are packaged in a single package. To improve the shelf life of the various types of food, in the known working method the various types of food are stored under different atmospheric conditions. Some types of food are preferably stored in an oxygen-low environment while others instead are better stored in an atmosphere that is rich in oxygen. To this end, in the known working method the option exists of introducing preservative gases into the package during packaging in the various compartments of the package. In the known working method the possibility also exists of creating overpressure, underpressure, or a vacuum in one or more of the compartments during packaging.

Summary of the invention

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An objective of the invention is to provide a working method of the type described in the preamble for the packaging of various types of food in a single package, in which even better individual circumstances can be created for the various types of food than with the known working method. To this end the working method according to the invention is characterized by the fact that the film structure is composed and/or processed such that the characteristics of at least some of the specified parts of the film structure are different from each other. This creates circumstances for the food in the package that are even better adapted per type of food. For example the space in a compartment of the package can be fully sealed off from the outside environment by an gas-impermeable part of the film structure, or indeed interacting with the outside environment by way of a gas-permeable part of the film structure.

The differences between the characteristics of the parts of the film structure are preferably different in a material sense, for example gas permeability, which factors have an influence upon the condition of the food in the compartments. The imprinting of parts of a transparent film with ink has little or no effect on the condition of the food so there is hardly a difference from the parts of the film which are not imprinted.

By utilizing a differentiated film structure in which the closure of each compartment can be coordinated with the type of food present in the compartment and the condition of the food, an optimal environment can be created for the food. In this way even in a package where no separate gas atmospheres are present in the compartments good circumstances can nonetheless be obtained for the food.

An embodiment of the working method according to the invention is characterized by the fact that in the composition and/or processing of the film structure in at least a number of the specified parts an active element can be introduced into the film structure. The term active element should be understood to mean an element that reacts with substances in the food or substances that are emitted by the food.

Preferably the active element in the form of an active substance is placed in and/or on the parts of the film structure. For example the substance might be a material that reacts with the oxygen in the compartment and thus removes the oxygen from the compartment and the food. This is desirable for those types of food that can be stored best

in a low-oxygen atmosphere, for example for the protection of flavor and aroma against oxidation. Such substances are generally known, for example films that contain iron powder. The iron powder rusts and oxygen is withdrawn from the food and the atmosphere in the compartment. Instead of iron powder ascorbic acid or sulphite can also be used as an active substance. These substances, too, oxidize and oxygen is withdrawn from the food and the atmosphere in the compartment. In addition, enzymatic-acting substances can be applied to the film, such as glucose oxidase or ethanol oxidase in which enzymes are catalysts for an oxygen-consuming reaction.

The substance can also be a material, for example, that absorbs oxygen, for example a film of nylon polymer in which cobalt is present for a cobalt-catalyzed oxidation of the nylon polymer. Instead of, or in addition to, oxygen-absorbing substances, the film or sticker can also contain CO₂ absorbing or emitting substances, or ethylene absorbing substances, ethanol emitting substances, moisture-absorbing substances, etc. All of these substances are generally known.

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The active element can also be formed by applying a film structure that is activated upon radiation. By only radiating a number of the parts of the film structure, a film structure with varying characteristics is created. The material of the film structure should in this case be such that its characteristics can be changed by radiation or because certain substances in the material of the film structure can be activated by radiation. For example the material of the film structure can discolor in response to radiation and form a light barrier. In addition, as a result of radiation the material can be activated such that for example it obtains the characteristic that it reacts to oxygen and thus removes the oxygen from the compartment. Such a film is known from European patent application EP-A 0 520 257. This known film contains a combination of an oxidizable organic compound and a metallic transference catalyst. Here oxidation of the organic compound can be initiated by radiation. The manner of radiating is known from the international patent application WO 99/21699. Through this reference both documents are included in the present patent application. In this way food can be packaged both in a low-oxygen environment and a highoxygen environment in a single package.

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Processing the film structure can comprise for example placing perforations in at least a number of the parts of the film structure, for example to allow the food to breathe. The size of the perforations or the number of perforations can be adjusted



depending on the degree of respiration of the food. A film with microperforations can also be used.

A further embodiment of the working method according to the invention is characterized in that at the composition and/or processing of the film structure in at least some of the parts of the film structure, a passive element is introduced that manipulates radiation. Under a passive element that manipulates radiation one should think of an element that can resist radiation - for example microwaves in a microwave oven - reflect them, redistribute them, or absorb them and convert them into heat. For example an aluminum film can modify the field in a microwave such that the capacity in the microwave unit is redistributed and even heating is obtained. Materials that can absorb microwave energy and convert it into heat are, for example, aluminum, stainless steel and inconel.

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The composition of the film structure can for example take place by using first one film and then on parts of that film placing a second film or sticker. The second film or sticker can for example contain the above-mentioned active substance or consist of one of the above-mentioned materials that influence radiation. Or the first film can be perforated and the second film or sticker can be gas impermeable and seal off parts of the first film.

The film structure can also be composed for example by fastening two films to each other, after which one of the films is locally removed. The one film can for example be perforated and the other film can be a gas-impermeable film that is placed in separate parts on the perforated film. Parts of the gas-impermeable film can for example be peeled off the perforated film.

Yet another method of composing the film structure can for example be to place two or more films with different characteristics beside each other on the tray. For example the various films can contain an active substance, be perforated, be made of a radiation-influencing material, or be gas impermeable. Possibly the films can first be connected with each other before being placed on the tray.

The composition and/or processing of the film structure preferably takes place before food is placed on the tray. This decreases the chance that waste materials that may occur during the processing end up in the food.

Another favorable embodiment of the working method according to the invention is characterized in that, before the film structure is composed and/or processed, first the characteristics of the food are determined, after which the composition and/or

processing of the film structure takes place according to the characteristics of the food. Thus the conditions under which the food is stored can be better coordinated with the actual condition of the food. For example, if the respiration of the food is high, it may be desirable that the space in the compartment be more connected with the environment, such that a film structure with high permeability is desirable.

The invention also relates to a package manufactured according to the working method according to the invention comprising a tray with various compartments in which various types of food are present, with one type of food in each compartment, which compartments are closed off by a film structure that is connected to the tray around the openings of the compartments, where above each compartment part of the film structure is present.

As far as the package is concerned the invention is characterized in that the characteristics of at least some of the parts of the film structure are different. For example in at least some of the parts of the film structure there can be perforations, in and/or on at least a number of parts of the film structure an active element or active substance can be present, or at least in a number of parts of the film structure a passive element can be present that manipulates radiation.

In addition, the various characteristics can be acquired because the film structure is comprised of various films, for example a first film and a second film or a sticker that is present on parts of the first film, or two or more films beside each other with different characteristics.

Brief description of the drawings

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The invention will be elucidated more fully below on the basis of drawings in which embodiments of the working method and the package according to the invention are shown. In these drawings:

Figure 1 shows an embodiment of the package according to the invention in a top view;

Figure 2 shows the illustration in Figure 1 as a cross-section;

Figure 3 shows a diagram of a first embodiment of the working method according to the invention;

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Figure 4 shows a diagram of a second embodiment of the working method according to the invention;

Figure 5 shows a first embodiment of the composition of the film structure; and

Figure 6 shows a second embodiment of the composition of the film structure.

Detailed description of the drawings

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In Figures 1 and 2 an embodiment of the package according to the invention is shown in a top view respectively cross-section along line A-A. The package 1 is comprised of a tray 3 that has various compartments 5, 7, and 9 that are open on top. The compartments are closed off by a film structure 11 that is fastened via sealing seams 13 to flanges 15 of the tray 3.

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In the compartments 5, 7, 9 there are various types of food 17, 19. For each type of food an optimal closure of the compartment is present, because the film structure 11 is divided into various parts 21, 23, 25, that have different characteristics and each close off a compartment. For example part 21 and parts 23 and 25 form individual films 27 en 29 that are fastened side by side on the tray. Films 27 and 29 are for example transparent gas-impermeable films. To obtain optimal conditions in the compartments, for example, part 23 of the film 29 is provided with perforations 31 and another part 25 of the film 29 has a non-transparent sticker 33 that seals off the space in the compartment against light.

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To further improve the conditions under which the various types of food are packaged, various preservative gases 35, 37 can be introduced into the compartments.

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Figure 3 is a diagram showing a first embodiment of the working method according to the invention for packaging different types of food in a single package. Here in a separate production process 41 the film structure 43 is manufactured. In this production process 41 various films 45, 47 can be fastened on or on top of each other and/or the film structure can be processed. The fastening and/or the processing takes place in a machine 49.

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The film structure 43 is then brought into a further production process 51. In this production process 51 trays 53 are filled with different types of food 55, 57. Then the film structure 43 is brought above the open side of the tray 53. Then the film structure 43



is sealed on the tray 53 by melting the film structure 43 to the tray 53 with a heated sealing stamp 59.

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Figure 4 is a diagram showing a second embodiment of the working method according to the invention. Here the process of composing and/or processing the film structure is integrated into the process of filling the trays and the fastening of the film structure to the trays. After filling the compartments of the tray 53 with different types of food 55, 57 the condition of the food is measured. Depending on the conditions the machine 49 is set. In this manner for example the number of perforations per surface unit can be set. Thus the package can be even better coordinated with regard to the type of food being packaged.

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The film structure can be comprised in various ways. Figure 5 shows a first embodiment of the composition of the film structure and placement on a tray. Here the two different films 61 and 63 form, side by side, the film structure 65, and each film seals off one or more compartments of the tray 67.

Figure 6 shows a second embodiment of the composition of the film structure. Here two different films 71 and 73 are fastened to each other and form a film structure. The film structure thus formed 75 possesses different parts 77 and 79 to seal off different compartments of the trays 81.

Although the invention is explained above on the basis of drawings, it should be stressed that the invention is in no way limited to the embodiments shown in the drawings. The invention also extends to all embodiments deviating from the embodiments shown in the drawings within the context defined by the claims.

CLAIMS:

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- 1. Working method for separately packaging various types of food in a single package, comprising:
- placing food on a tray with different compartments open on one side, with one type of food being placed in each compartment,
- then placing a film structure above the open sides of the compartments, whereby above each compartment a part of the film structure is placed,
- followed by fastening the film structure to the tray around the openings of the compartments,
- 10 characterized in that the film structure is comprised and/or processed such that the characteristics of at least some of the specified parts of the film structure are different from each other.
 - 2. Working method according to claim 1, characterized in that at the composition and/or processing of the film structure in at least some of the parts mentioned an active element is introduced into the film structure.
 - 3. Working method according to claim 2, characterized in that the active element in the form of an active substance is placed in and/or on the parts of the film structure.
 - 4. Working method according to claim 2 or 3, characterized in that at least some of the parts of the film structure are irradiated.
 - 5. Working method according to one of the preceding claims, characterized in that there are perforations in at least some of the parts of the film structure.
 - 6. Working method according to one of the preceding claims, characterized in that in at least some of the parts of the film structure a passive element is placed that manipulates radiation.
 - 7. Working method according to one of the preceding claims, characterized in that the film structure is comprised of a first film with a second film or sticker being placed on parts of the first film.
- 8. Working method according to one of the preceding claims, characterized in that the film structure is comprised by fastening two films on each other, after which one of the films is removed locally.
 - 9. Working method according to one of the preceding claims, characterized in



that the film structure is comprised of two or more adjacent films with different characteristics.

10. Working method according to one of the preceding claims, characterized in that the composition and/or processing of the film structure takes place before food is placed on the tray.

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- 11. Working method according to one of the preceding claims, characterized in that before the film structure is comprised and/or processed first the characteristics of the food are determined, after which the composition and/or processing of the film structure takes place in accordance with the characteristics of the food.
- 12. Package manufactured according to a working method according to one of the preceding claims, comprising a tray with various compartments in which different types of food are present, with one type of food being present in each compartment, which compartments are closed off by a film structure that is fastened to the tray around the openings of the compartments, with part of the film structure being present above each compartment of the tray, characterized in that the characteristics of at least a number of parts of the film structure are different from each other.
 - 13. Package according to claim 12, characterized in that in at least some of the specified parts an active element is present in the film structure.
 - 14. Package according to claim 13, characterized in that the active element in the form of an active substance is present in and/or on the parts of the film structure.
 - Package according to claim 12, 13 or 14, characterized in that there are perforations in at least some of the parts of the film structure.
 - 16. Package according to claim 12, 13, 14 or 15, characterized in that in at least some of the parts of the film structure a passive element is present and manipulates radiation.
 - 17. Package according to one of the preceding claims 12 through 16, characterized in that the film structure is comprised of a first film in which on parts of this film a second film or a sticker is present.
- 18. Package according to one of the preceding claims 12 through 17, characterized in that the film structure is comprised of two or more adjacent films with different characteristics.



ABSTRACT:

Working method for separately packaging various types of food in a single package as well as package manufactured according to this working method.

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In a working method for the separate packaging of different types of food in a single package, food is placed on a tray 3 with different compartments 5, 7, and 9 open on one side, with one type of food being placed in each compartment. Subsequently a film structure film 11 is placed above the open sides of the compartments, with a part 21, 23, 25 of the film structure being placed above each compartment. Then the film structure 11 is fastened to the tray 3 around the openings of the compartments.

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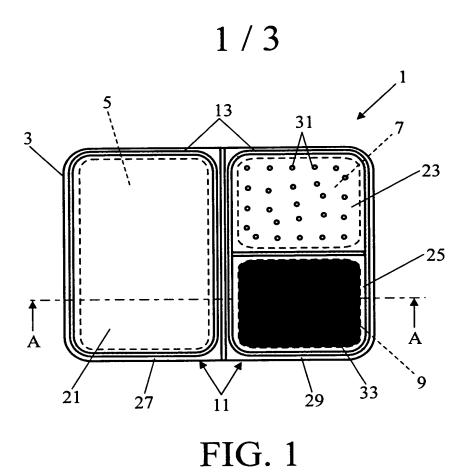
To optimize the conditions in which the food is packaged for each type of food, the film structure 11 is comprised and/or processed such that the characteristics of the specified parts 21, 23, 25 of the film structure are different from each other.

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These circumstances can be improved even more by first determining, before comprising and/or processing the film structure 11, the characteristics of the food and then executing the composition and/or processing of the film structure 11 depending on the characteristics of the food.

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(Figure 1)



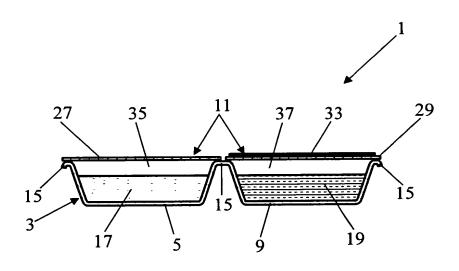


FIG. 2

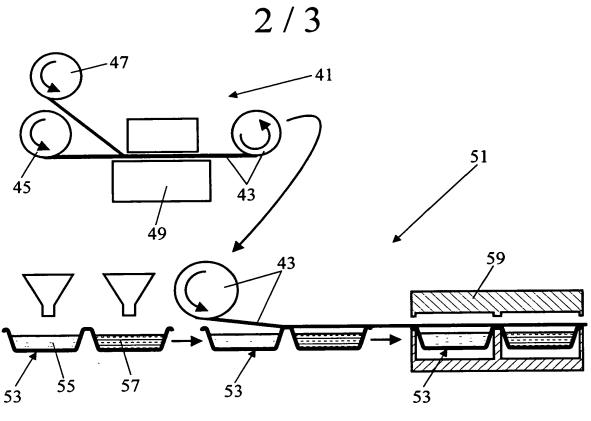


FIG. 3

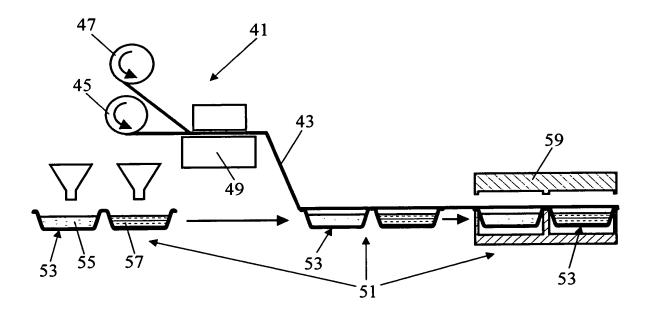


FIG. 4

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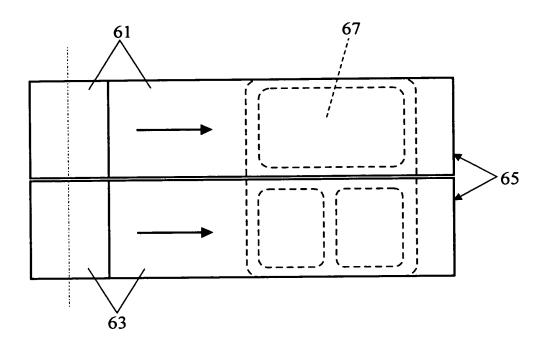


FIG. 5

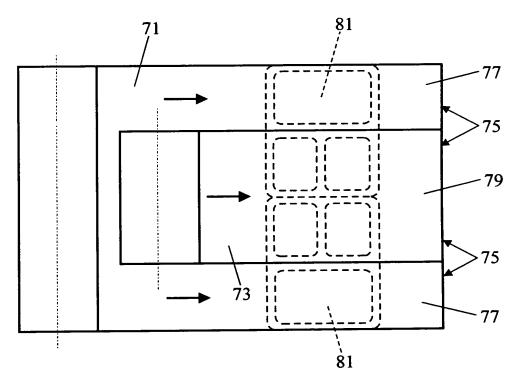


FIG. 6

PCT/NL 0 0 0 4 2 3

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Werkwijze voor het afzonderlijk verpakken van verschillende soorten voedsel in één verpakking, alsmede verpakking vervaardigd volgens de werkwijze.

5 BESCHRIJVING:

Gebied van de uitvinding.

De uitvinding heeft betrekking op een werkwijze voor het afzonderlijk verpakken van verschillende soorten voedsel in één verpakking, omvattende: het plaatsen van voedsel in een tray met verscheidene, aan een zijde open bakken, waarbij in elke bak één soort voedsel geplaatst wordt, vervolgens het brengen van een foliestructuur boven de open zijden van de bakken, waarbij boven elke bak een deel van de foliestructuur gebracht wordt, gevolgd door het bevestigen van de foliestructuur aan de tray rond de openingen van de bakken. Onder foliestructuur kan zowel één enkele folie verstaan worden, als een samenstel van verscheidene folies op en/of naast elkaar, als ook een folie met een stof en/of sticker erop.

Dergelijke verpakkingen zijn meestal bestemd voor consumenten om snel en eenvoudig zelf een maaltijd te bereiden. Hierbij zijn veel of alle benodigde ingrediënten in de verpakking aanwezig zodat de consument niet zelf alle ingrediënten bij elkaar hoeft te kopen.

Stand van de techniek.

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Een dergelijke werkwijze is bekend uit het Europese octrooi nr. 0 293 794 B1. Bij deze bekende werkwijze worden verschillende soorten voedsel verpakt in één verpakking. Om de houdbaarheid van de verschillende soorten voedsel te verbeteren, worden bij de bekende werkwijze de verschillende soorten voedsel onder verschillende atmosferische omstandigheden bewaard. Sommige soorten voedsel dienen bij voorkeur in een zuurstofarme omgeving bewaard te worden, terwijl andere juist beter in een zuurstofrijke omgeving bewaard kunnen worden. Hiertoe bestaat in de bekende werkwijze de mogelijkheid om in de verschillende bakken van de verpakking tijdens het verpakken

verschillende conserveringsgassen te brengen. Ook bestaat in de bekende werkwijze de mogelijkheid dat tijdens het verpakken in één of meer van de bakken een overdruk, onderdruk of vacuüm gecreëerd wordt.

5 Samenvatting van de uitvinding.

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Een doel van de uitvinding is het verschaffen van een werkwijze, van de in de aanhef omschreven soort, voor het verpakken van verschillende soorten voedsel in één verpakking, waarbij voor de verschillende soorten voedsel nog betere individuele omstandigheden geschapen kunnen worden dan bij de bekende werkwijze. Hiertoe is de werkwijze volgens de uitvinding gekenmerkt, doordat de foliestructuur samengesteld en/of bewerkt wordt zodanig dat de eigenschappen van althans een aantal van de genoemde delen van de foliestructuur verschillend zijn. Hierdoor kunnen de omstandigheden waaronder het voedsel in de verpakking aanwezig is nog beter per soort voedsel aangepast worden. Zo kan bijvoorbeeld de ruimte in een bak van de verpakking volledig afgesloten zijn van de buitenomgeving door een gasdicht gedeelte van de foliestructuur, of juist in wisselwerking met de buitenomgeving staan door een gasdoorlatend gedeelte van de foliestructuur.

De verschillen tussen de eigenschappen van de delen van de foliestructuur zijn bij voorkeur verschillen in materiaaleigenschappen, bijvoorbeeld gasdoorlaatbaarheid, die invloed hebben op de toestand van het voedsel in de bakken. Het bedrukt zijn van delen van een doorzichtige folie met inkt heeft geen of nauwelijks invloed op de toestand van het voedsel en vormt daardoor nauwelijks een verschil met de niet bedrukte delen van de folie.

Door een gedifferentieerde foliestructuur toe te passen waarbij de afsluiting van elke bak van de verpakking afgestemd kan worden op het soort voedsel dat in de bak aanwezig is en op de toestand van het voedsel, kan een optimale omgeving voor het voedsel gecreëerd worden. Hierdoor kan zelfs bij een verpakking waarin geen afzonderlijke gasatmosferen in de bakken aanwezig zijn, toch goede omstandigheden voor het voedsel verkregen worden.

Een uitvoeringsvorm van de werkwijze volgens de uitvinding is gekenmerkt, doordat bij het samenstellen en/of bewerken van de foliestructuur in althans een aantal van de genoemde delen een actief element in de foliestructuur wordt aangebracht. Onder een actief element dient een element te worden verstaan dat reageert met stoffen in het voedsel

of stoffen die door het voedsel worden afgegeven.

Bij voorkeur wordt het actieve element in de vorm van een actieve stof in en/of op de delen van de foliestructuur aangebracht. De stof kan bijvoorbeeld een materiaal zijn dat met de zuurstof in de bak reageert en zo de zuurstof uit de bak en het voedsel onttrekt. Dit is gewenst voor die soorten voedsel die het beste in een zuurstofarme atmosfeer bewaard kunnen worden, bijvoorbeeld voor het beschermen van geur- en smaakstoffen tegen oxidatie. Dergelijke stoffen zijn algemeen bekend, bijvoorbeeld folies die ijzerpoeder bevatten. Het ijzerpoeder roest waarbij zuurstof onttrokken wordt aan het voedsel en de atmosfeer in de bak. In plaats van ijzerpoeder kan ook ascorbinezuur of sulfiet toegepast worden als actieve stof. Ook deze stoffen oxideren waarbij zuurstof onttrokken wordt uit het voedsel en de atmosfeer in de bak. Ook kunnen enzymatisch werkende stoffen op de folie worden aangebracht, zoals glucose-oxidase, ethanoloxidase, waarbij enzymen een zuurstofverbruikende reactie katalyseren.

Ook lan de stof bijvoorbeeld een materiaal zijn dat zuurstof absorbeert, bijvoorbeeld een folie uit een nylonpolymeer waarin kobalt aanwezig is voor een kobalt gekatalyseerde oxidatie van de nylonpolymeer. In plaats van of naast zuurstof absorberende stoffen, kan de folie of sticker ook CO₂ absorberende of uitstralende stoffen bevatten, of ethyleen absorberende stoffen, ethanol uitstralende stoffen, vocht absorberende stoffen, etc. Al deze stoffen zijn algemeen bekend.

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Het actieve element kan ook gevormd worden door een foliestructuur toe te passen die bij bestraling geactiveerd wordt. Door slechts een aantal van de delen van de foliestructuur te bestralen, wordt een foliestructuur met verschillende eigenschappen gecreëerd. Het materiaal van de foliestructuur dient in dit geval zodanig te zijn, dat de eigenschappen ervan door straling veranderd kunnen worden of doordat bepaalde stoffen in het materiaal van de foliestructuur door straling geactiveerd kunnen worden. Bijvoorbeeld kan het materiaal van de foliestructuur door straling verkleuren en een lichtbarrière vormen. Ook kan het materiaaldoor bestraling geactiveerd worden zodat het bijvoorbeeld de eigenschap krijgt dat het met zuurstof reageert en zo de zuurstof uit de bak onttrekt. Een dergelijke folie is bekend uit de Europese octrooiaanvrage EP-A 0 520 257. Deze bekende folie bevat een samenstelling van een oxideerbare organische verbinding en een metallische overgangskatalysator. Hierbij kan oxidatie van de organische verbinding geïnitieerd worden door straling. De wijze van bestralen is bekend uit de internationale octrooiaanvrage WO

99/21699. Beide documenten zijn door deze verwijzing in de huidige octrooiaanvrage opgenomen. Op deze wijze kan zowel voedsel in een zuurstofarme omgeving als ook voedsel in een zuurstof houdende omgeving verpakt worden in één verpakking.

Het bewerken van de foliestructuur kan bijvoorbeeld het aanbrengen van perforaties in althans een aantal van de delen van de foliestructuur omvatten, bijvoorbeeld om het voedsel te kunnen laten ademen. De grootte van de perforaties of het aantal perforaties kan ingesteld worden afhankelijk van de mate van respiratie van het voedsel. Ook kan een folie waarin microperforaties gevormd zijn, toegepast worden.

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Een verdere uitvoeringsvorm van de werkwijze volgens de uitvinding is gekenmerkt, doordat bij het samenstellen en/of bewerken van de foliestructuur in althans een aantal van de delen van de foliestructuur een passief element aangebracht wordt dat straling manipuleert. Onder een passief element dat straling manipuleert, dient een element verstaan te worden dat straling, bijvoorbeeld microgolven in een magnetron, kan tegenhouden, weerkaatsen, kan herverdelen, of kan absorberen en omzetten in warmte. Bijvoorbeeld een aluminium folie kan het veld in een magnetron modificeren waardoor het vermogen in de magnetron herverdeeld wordt en een gelijkmatige verhitting verkregen wordt. Materialen die microgolf energie kunnen absorberen en omzetten in warmte zijn bijvoorbeeld aluminium, roestvast staal en inconel.

Het samenstellen van de foliestructuur kan bijvoorbeeld plaatsvinden door een eerste folie te nemen en op delen ervan een tweede folie of een sticker aan te brengen. De tweede folie of sticker kan bijvoorbeeld de hiervoor genoemde actieve stof bevatten of uit een hiervoor genoemd materiaal bestaan dat straling beïnvloedt. Ook kan de eerste folie geperforeerd zijn en kan de tweede folie of sticker gasdicht zijn en delen van de eerste folie afsluiten.

Het samenstellen van de foliestructuur kan bijvoorbeeld ook plaatsvinden door twee folies op elkaar te bevestigen, waarna één van de folies plaatselijk verwijderd wordt. De ene folie kan bijvoorbeeld voorzien zijn van perforaties en de andere folie kan een gasdichte folie zijn die in afzonderlijke delen op de geperforeerde folie is aangebracht. Delen van de gasdichte folie kunnen dan bijvoorbeeld van de geperforeerde folie afgepeld worden.

Nog een verdere wijze van samenstellen van de foliestructuur kan bijvoorbeeld zijn aanbrengen van twee of meer folies met verschillende eigenschappen naast elkaar op de tray. Bijvoorbeeld kunnen de verschillende folies een actieve stof bevatten, geperforeerd zijn, uit een straling beïnvloedend materiaal vervaardigd zijn of gasdichtzijn. Eventueel kunnen de folies eerst met elkaar verbonden worden voordat zij op de tray aangebracht worden.

Het samenstellen en/of bewerken van de foliestructuur vindt bij voorkeur plaats voordat voedsel in de tray wordt geplaatst. Hierdoor wordt de kans verkleind dat afvalstoffen die tijdens het bewerken kunnen ontstaan in het voedsel terecht kunnen komen.

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Een verdere gunstige uitvoeringsvorm van de werkwijze volgens de uitvinding is gekenmerkt, doordat, voordat de foliestructuur samengesteld en/of bewerkt wordt, eerst de eigenschappen van het voedsel bepaald worden, waarna het samenstellen en/of bewerken van de foliestructuur geschiedt al naar gelang de eigenschappen van het voedsel. Zo kunnen de condities waaronder het voedsel bewaard wordt nog beter op de actuele toestand van het voedsel worden afgestemd. Bijvoorbeeld, indien de respiratie van het voedsel hoog is, dan kan het gewenst zijn dat de ruimte in de bak meer in verbinding staat met de omgeving, waardoor een foliestructuur met een grote luchtdoorlaatbaarheid gewenst is.

De uitvinding heeft tevens betrekking op een verpakking vervaardigd volgens de werkwijze volgens de uitvinding, omvattende een tray met verscheidene bakken waarin verschillende soorten voedsel aanwezig zijn, waarbij in elke bak één soort voedsel aanwezig is, welke bakken afgesloten zijn door een foliestructuur die rond de openingen van de bakken aan de tray is bevestigd, waarbij boven elke bak een deel van de foliestructuur aanwezig is.

Voor hetgeen betreft de verpakking is de uitvinding gekenmerkt, doordat de eigenschappen van althans een aantal van de delen van de foliestructuur verschillend zijn. Bijvoorbeeld kunnen in althans een aantal van de delen van de foliestructuur perforaties aanwezig zijn, kan in en/of op althans een aantal van de delen van de foliestructuur een actief element of actieve stof aanwezig zijn, of kan in althans een aantal van de delen van de foliestructuur een passief element aanwezig zijn dat straling manipuleert.

Ook kunnen de verschillende eigenschappen verkregen zijn doordat de foliestructuur samengesteld is uit verschillende folies, bijvoorbeeld een eerste folie en een tweede folie of een sticker die op delen van de eerste folie aanwezig is, of twee of meer naast elkaar aanwezige folies met verschillende eigenschappen.



Beknopte omschrijving van de tekeningen.

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Hieronder zal de uitvinding nader worden toegelicht aan de hand van in de tekeningen weergegeven uitvoeringsvoorbeelden van de werkwijze en de verpakking volgens de uitvinding. Hierbij toont:

Figuur 1 een uitvoeringsvorm van de verpakking volgens de uitvinding in bovenaanzicht;

Figuur 2 de in figuur 1 weergegeven verpakking in doorsnede;

Figuur 3 een schematische weergave van een eerste uitvoeringsvorm van de werkwijze volgens de uitvinding;

Figuur 4 een schematische weergave van een tweede uitvoeringsvorm van de werkwijze volgens de uitvinding;

Figuur 5 een eerste uitvoeringsvorm van het samenstellen van de foliestructuur; en

Figuur 6 een tweede uitvoeringsvorm van het samenstellen van de foliestructuur.

Gedetailleerde omschrijving van de tekeningen.

In de figuren 1 en 2 is een uitvoeringsvorm van de verpakking volgens de uitvinding weergegeven in bovenaanzicht respectievelijk doorsnede langs lijn A-A. De verpakking 1 is opgebouwd uit een tray 3 die verscheidene, aan de bovenzijde open, bakken 5, 7, 9 omvat. De bakken zijn afgesloten door een foliestructuur 11, die langs sealnaden 13 is bevestigd aan flenzen 15 van de tray 3.

In de bakken 5, 7, 9 bevinden zich verschillende soorten voedsel 17, 19. Voor elke soort voedsel is een optimale afsluiting van de bak aanwezig, doordat de foliestructuur 11 onderverdeeld is in verschillende delen 21, 23, 25, die verschillende eigenschappen bezitten en elk een bak afsluiten. Bijvoorbeeld vormen het deel 21 en de delen 23 en 25 afzonderlijke folies 27 en 29, die naast elkaar op de tray bevestigd zijn. De folies 27 en 29 zijn bijvoorbeeld doorzichtige, gasdichte folies. Om optimale condities in de bakken te verkrijgen is bijvoorbeeld een deel 23 van de folie 29 voorzien van perforaties 31 en is een ander deel 25 van de folie 29 voorzien van een ondoorzichtige sticker 33, die de ruimte in

de bak afsluit tegen licht.

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Om de omstandigheden waaronder de verschillende soorten voedsel verpakt worden verder te verbeteren, kunnen in de bakken verschillende conserveringsgassen 35, 37 gebracht worden.

In figuur 3 is schematisch een eerste uitvoeringsvorm van de werkwijze volgens de uitvinding weergegeven voor het verpakken van verschillende soorten voedsel in één verpakking. Hierbij wordt in een afzonderlijk productieproces 41 de foliestructuur 43 vervaardigd. In dit productieproces 41 kunnen verschillende folies 45, 47 op of aan elkaar worden bevestigd en/of kan de foliestructuur bewerkt worden. De bevestiging en/of de bewerking vindt plaats in een machine 49.

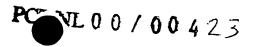
De foliestructuur 43 wordt vervolgens in een verder productieproces 51 gebracht. In dit productieproces 51 worden trays 53 gevuld met verschillende soorten voedsel 55, 57. Vervolgens wordt de foliestructuur 43 boven de open zijde van de tray 53 gebracht. Daarna wordt de foliestructuur 43 aan de tray 53 geseald door met een verhitte sealstempel 59 de foliestructuur 43 aan de tray 53 te smelten.

In figuur 4 is schematisch een tweede uitvoeringsvorm van de werkwijze volgens de uitvinding weergegeven. Hierbij is het proces van samenstellen en/of bewerken van de foliestructuur geïntegreerd in het proces van het vullen van de trays en het bevestigen van de foliestructuur aan de trays. Na het vullen van de bakken van de tray 53 met verschillende soorten voedsel 55, 57 wordt de conditie van het voedsel gemeten. Afhankelijk van de conditie wordt de machine 49 ingesteld. Op deze wijze kan bijvoorbeeld het aantal perforaties per oppervlakte-eenheid ingesteld worden. Zo kan de verpakking nog beter afgestemd worden op het te verpakken voedsel.

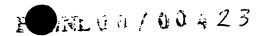
Het samenstellen van de foliestructuur kan op verschillende wijzen gebeuren. In figuur 5 is een eerste uitvoeringsvorm van het samenstellen van de foliestructuur en het aanbrengen op een tray weergegeven. Hierbij vormen twee verschillende folies 61 en 63 naast elkaar de foliestructuur 65 en sluit elke folie één of meer bakken van de tray 67 af.

In figuur 6 is een tweede uitvoeringsvorm van het samenstellen van de foliestructuur weergegeven. Hierbij worden twee verschillende folies 71 en 73 op elkaar bevestigd en vormen. De zo gevormde foliestructuur 75 bezit verschillende delen 77 en 79 voor het afsluiten van verschillende bakken van de trays 81.

Hoewel in het voorgaande de uitvinding is toegelicht aan de hand van de



tekeningen, dient te worden vastgesteld dat de uitvinding geenszins tot de in de tekeningen getoonde uitvoeringsvormen is beperkt. De uitvinding strekt zich mede uit tot alle van de in de tekeningen getoonde uitvoeringsvormen afwijkende uitvoeringsvormen binnen het door de conclusies gedefinieerde kader.



CONCLUSIES:

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- 1. Werkwijze voor het afzonderlijk verpakken van verschillende soorten voedsel in één verpakking, omvattende:
- het plaatsen van voedsel in een tray met verscheidene, aan een zijde open bakken,
 waarbij in elke bak één soort voedsel geplaatst wordt,
- vervolgens het brengen van een foliestructuur boven de open zijden van de bakken, waarbij boven elke bak een deel van de foliestructuur gebracht wordt,
- gevolgd door het bevestigen van de foliestructuur aan de tray rond de openingen van de bakken,
- met het kenmerk, dat de foliestructuur samengesteld en/of bewerkt wordt zodanig dat de eigenschappen van althans een aantal van de genoemde delen van de foliestructuur verschillend zijn.
 - 2. Werkwijze volgens conclusie 1, met het kenmerk, dat bij het samenstellen en/of bewerken van de foliestructuur in althans een aantal van de genoemde delen een actief element in de foliestructuur wordt aangebracht.
 - 3. Werkwijze volgens conclusie 2, met het kenmerk, dat het actieve element in de vorm van een actieve stof in en/of op de delen van de foliestructuur wordt aangebracht.
 - 4. Werkwijze volgens conclusie 2 of 3, met het kenmerk, dat althans een aantal van de delen van de foliestructuur bestraald worden.
- 5. Werkwijze volgens één der voorgaande conclusies, met het kenmerk, dat in althans een aantal van de delen van de foliestructuur perforaties aangebracht worden.
 - 6. Werkwijze volgens één der voorgaande conclusies, met het kenmerk, dat in althans een aantal van de delen van de foliestructuur een passief element aangebracht wordt dat straling manipuleert.
- 7. Werkwijze volgens één der voorgaande conclusies, met het kenmerk, dat de foliestructuur samengesteld wordt uit een eerste folie waarbij op delen ervan een tweede folie of een sticker wordt aangebracht.
 - 8. Werkwijze volgens één der voorgaande conclusies, met het kenmerk, dat de foliestructuur samengesteld wordt door twee folies op elkaar te bevestigen, waarna één van de folies plaatselijk wordt verwijderd.
 - 9. Werkwijze volgens één der voorgaande conclusies, met het kenmerk, dat de foliestructuur samengesteld wordt uit twee of meer naast elkaar aanwezige folies met

verschillende eigenschappen.

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- 10. Werkwijze volgens één der voorgaande conclusies, met het kenmerk, dat het samenstellen en/of bewerken van de foliestructuur plaatsvindt voordat voedsel in de tray geplaatst wordt.
- Werkwijze volgens één der voorgaande conclusies, met het kenmerk, dat voordat de foliestructuur samengesteld en/of bewerkt wordt eerst de eigenschappen van het voedsel bepaald worden, waarna het samenstellen en/of bewerken van de foliestructuur geschiedt al naar gelang de eigenschappen van het voedsel.
- 12. Verpakking vervaardigd volgens een werkwijze volgens één der voorgaande conclusies, omvattende een tray met verscheidene bakken waarin verschillende soorten voedsel aanwezig zijn, waarbij in elke bak één soort voedsel aanwezig is, welke bakken afgesloten zijn door een foliestructuur die rond de openingen van de bakken aan de tray is bevestigd, waarbij boven elke bak een deel van de foliestructuur aanwezig is, met het kenmerk, dat de eigenschappen van althans een aantal van de delen van de foliestructuur verschillend zijn.
 - 13. Verpakking volgens conclusie 12, met het kenmerk, dat in althans een aantal van de genoemde delen een actief element in de foliestructuur aanwezig is.
 - 14. Verpakking volgens conclusie 13, met het kenmerk, dat het actieve element in de vorm van een actieve stof in en/of op de delen van de foliestructuur aanwezig is.
- 20 15. Verpakking volgens conclusie 12, 13 of 14, met het kenmerk, dat in althans een aantal van de delen van de foliestructuur perforaties aanwezig zijn.
 - 16. Verpakking volgens conclusie 12, 13, 14 of 15, met het kenmerk, dat in althans een aantal van de delen van de foliestructuur een passief element aanwezig is dat straling manipuleert.
- 25 17. Verpakking volgens één der voorgaande conclusies 12 tot en met 16, met het kenmerk, dat de foliestructuur samengesteld is uit een eerste folie waarbij op delen ervan een tweede folie of een sticker aanwezig is.
 - 18. Verpakking volgens één der voorgaande conclusies 12 tot en met 17, met het kenmerk, dat de foliestructuur samengesteld is uit twee of meer naast elkaar aanwezige folies met verschillende eigenschappen.

<u>UITTREKSEL:</u>

Werkwijze voor het afzonderlijk verpakken van verschillende soorten voedsel in één verpakking, alsmede verpakking vervaardigd volgens de werkwijze.

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Bij een werkwijze voor het afzonderlijk verpakken van verschillende soorten voedsel in één verpakking, wordt voedsel in een tray 3 met verscheidene, aan een zijde open bakken 5, 7, 9 gebracht, waarbij in elke bak één soort voedsel geplaatst wordt. Vervolgens wordt een foliestructuur 11 boven de open zijden van de bakken gebracht, waarbij boven elke bak een deel 21, 23, 25 van de foliestructuur wordt geplaatst. Daarna wordt de foliestructuur 11 rond de openingen van de bakken aan de tray 3 bevestigd.

Om de omstandigheden waarin het voedsel verpakt wordt voor elk soort voedsel optimaal te maken, wordt de foliestructuur 11 zodanig samengesteld en/of bewerkt dat de eigenschappen van de genoemde delen 21, 23, 25 van de foliestructuur verschillend zijn.

Deze omstandigheden kunnen verder verbeterd worden door, voordat de foliestructuur 11 wordt samengesteld en/of bewerkt, eerst de eigenschappen van het voedsel te bepalen en daarna het samenstellen en/of bewerken van de foliestructuur 11 uit te voeren al naar gelang de eigenschappen van het voedsel.

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(Figuur 1)

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INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70) WIPO

PCT

Applicant's or agent's file reference BONG/WO-0256	FOR FURTHER ACTI	^11	ation of Transmittal of International Examination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416)		
International application No.	International filing date (day)	month/year)	Priority date (day/month/year)		
PCT/NL00/00423	16/06/2000		16/06/1999		
International Patent Classification (IPC B65D77/20 Applicant	e) or national classification and IPC				
BONGERS, Cornelis M.T.M.					
This international preliminary and is transmitted to the application.		pared by this inte	rnational Preliminary Examining Author		
2. This REPORT consists of a to	otal of 5 sheets, including this co	ver sheet.			
been amended and are the (see Rule 70.16 and Sect	ne basis for this report and/or she ion 607 of the Administrative Ins	ets containing red	n, claims and/or drawings which have ctifications made before this Authority e PCT).		
These annexes consist of a to	otal of 10 sheets.				
I Basis of the report II Priority III Non-establishmen IV Lack of unity of int V Reasoned statement citations and explain VI Certain document VII Certain defects in	nt of opinion with regard to novelt vention ent under Article 35(2) with regar anations suporting such stateme	d to novelty, inver	and industrial applicability ntive step or industrial applicability;		
Date of submission of the demand	Da	te of completion of the	nis report		
16/01/2001 29.06.2001					
Name and mailing address of the internal preliminary examining authority: European Patent Office	ational Au	horized officer	E III		
D-80298 Munich Tel. +49 89 2399 - 0 Tx: 5	23656 epmu d	lgenhauer, H-P			

Telephone No. +49 89 2399 2618

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No. PCT/NL00/00423

l. Basis	f the rep	rt
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1.	the and	receiving Office in	response to an invitation	nal application (Replacement sheets which have been furnished to on under Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally filed" do not contain amendments (Rules 70.16 and 70.17)):
	6,7	,	as originally filed	
	1-5	5,5a-5b	with telefax of	14/06/2001
	Cla	aims, No.:		
	1-1	2	with telefax of	14/06/2001
	Dra	awings, sheets:		
	1/3	-3/3	as originally filed	
2.			-	marked above were available or furnished to this Authority in the n was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item.
	The	ese elements were a	available or furnished to	o this Authority in the following language: , which is:
		the language of a	translation furnished fo	r the purposes of the international search (under Rule 23.1(b)).
		the language of pu	ublication of the internat	tional application (under Rule 48.3(b)).
		the language of a 55.2 and/or 55.3).	translation furnished fo	r the purposes of international preliminary examination (under Rule
3.				acid sequence disclosed in the international application, the ried out on the basis of the sequence listing:
		contained in the in	ternational application i	in written form.
		filed together with	the international applica	ation in computer readable form.
		furnished subsequ	ently to this Authority in	n written form.
		furnished subsequ	ently to this Authority in	n computer readable form.
			t the subsequently furn pplication as filed has b	ished written sequence listing does not go beyond the disclosure in seen furnished.
		The statement that listing has been fu		led in computer readable form is identical to the written sequence

Form PCT/IPEA/409 (Boxes I-VIII, Sheet 1) (July 1998)

4. The amendments have resulted in the cancellation of:

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY **EXAMINATION REPORT**

International application No. PCT/NL00/00423

		the description,	pages:	
		the claims,	Nos.:	
		the drawings,	sheets:	
5.		☐ This report has been established as if (some of) the amendments had not been made, since they have been considered to go beyond the disclosure as filed (Rule 70.2(c)):		
		(Any replacement shi report.)	eet containing such amendments must be referred to under item 1 and annexed to this	
6.	Additional observations, if necessary:			
v	Rea	soned statement un	der Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability;	

1. Statement

Novelty (N)

Yes:

citations and explanations supporting such statement

Claims 1-12

No:

Yes:

Claims

Inventive step (IS)

Claims 1-12

No: Claims

Industrial applicability (IA)

Yes:

Claims 1-12

Claims No:

2. Citations and explanations see separate sheet

Item V

1. The following documents are referred to

D1...US-A-5 126 518

D2...EP-A-0 520 257

D3...US-A-4 935 252.

- 2. Claims 1 and 5 are unclear (Article 6 PCT) since "the open sides of the compartments" referred to lack a prior definition.
- 3.1 D1 discloses a package according to the first part of claim 1. Parts of the film structure are different from each other in order to effect the flow of microwave energy.
- 3.2 The problem underlying the present application (cf. page 2, lines 15 19) is according to claim 1 solved for the package according to the first part of claim 1 in that the parts of the film structure being different from each other have different properties as defined by the characterising features of claim 1. Correspondingly a method for forming such a package is defined by claim 5.

The package according to claim 1 and the method according to claim 5 enable the creation of an optimal environment for each kind of food present in one compartment of the tray.

3.3 The provision of different parts of the film structure to influence flow of microwave energy according to D1 does not suggest provision of different parts as defined by claims 1, 5.

D2 discloses methods and compositions for oxygen scavenging and according to D3 a package comprising one compartment for cooking in a microwave oven is provided, wherein a film structure sealing the package comprises a removable window.

None of these documents could have led to a package according to claim 1 or a method according to claim 5 according to which at least a number of parts of a

film structure closing associated compartments of a tray are different from each other as defined by the characterising features of claims 1 and 5.

Since the remaining documents cited in the International Search Report do not come closer the subject-matters of claims 1, 5 and with them of dependent claims 2 - 4 and 6 - 12 should satisfy the requirements of Article 33 (2) and (3) PCT.

PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

PCT

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

(PCT Article 18 and Rules 43 and 44)

Applicant's or agent's file reference BONG/W0-0256	FOR FURTHER see Notification of Transmittal of International Search Report (Form PCT/ISA/220) as well as, where applicable, item 5 below.				
International application No.	International filing date (day/month/year)	(Earliest) Priority Date (day/month/year)			
PCT/NL 00/00423	16/06/2000	16/06/1999			
Applicant					
BONGERS, Cornelius M.T.M.					
This International Search Report has been prepared by this International Searching Authority and is transmitted to the applicant according to Article 18. A copy is being transmitted to the International Bureau.					
This International Search Report consists of a total of sheets. [X] It is also accompanied by a copy of each prior art document cited in this report.					
Basis of the report					
 With regard to the language, the international search was carried out on the basis of the international application in the language in which it was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item. 					
the international search was carried out on the basis of a translation of the international application furnished to this Authority (Rule 23.1(b)).					
b. With regard to any nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the international application, the international search was carried out on the basis of the sequence listing: contained in the international application in written form. filled together with the international application in computer readable form. furnished subsequently to this Authority in written form. furnished subsequently to this Authority in computer readble form. the statement that the subsequently furnished written sequence listing does not go beyond the disclosure in the international application as filled has been furnished. the statement that the information recorded in computer readable form is identical to the written sequence listing has been furnished. Certain claims were found unsearchable (See Box I).					
3. Unity of invention is lacking (see Box II).					
4. With regard to the title, the text is approved as submitted by the applicant. X the text has been established by this Authority to read as follows: METHOD OF SEPARATELY PACKAGING DIFFERENT KINDS OF FOOD AND PACKAGE THEREFORE					
5. With regard to the abstract, the text is approved as submitted by the applicant. the text has been established, according to Rule 38.2(b), by this Authority as it appears in Box III. The applicant may, within one month from the date of mailing of this international search report, submit comments to this Authority.					
6. The figure of the drawings to be pub	lished with the abstract is Figure No.	1			
as suggested by the appli	•	None of the figures.			
because the applicant fail					
Decause this figure better	characterizes the invention.				

Form PCT/ISA/210 (first sheet) (July 1998)

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER
IPC 7 B65D77/20 B65D81/34 B65B7/16

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

 $\begin{array}{ll} \mbox{Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)} \\ \mbox{IPC 7} & \mbox{B65D} & \mbox{B65B} \end{array}$

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

EPO-Internal

Category °	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
Х,Р	EP 0 960 825 A (BECTON DICKINSON CO) 1 December 1999 (1999-12-01)	1,7-9, 12,17,18
Y	the whole document	2-6,10, 11,13-16
Y	EP 0 520 257 A (GRACE W R & CO) 30 December 1992 (1992-12-30) cited in the application the whole document	2-4,13,
Y	WO 98 23443 A (BARMORE CHARLES R ;LUTHRA NARENDER P (US); CRYOVAC INC (US); MUELL) 4 June 1998 (1998-06-04) the whole document	5,10,15
Y	US 4 935 252 A (SIMON FREDERICK E ET AL) 19 June 1990 (1990-06-19)	6,16
Х	the whole document	12

 Special categories of cited documents: A' document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance E' earlier document but published on or after the international filing date L' document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified) O' document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means P' document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed 	 'T' later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention. 'X' document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone 'Y' document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art. '&' document member of the same patent family
Date of the actual completion of the international search 18 January 2001	Date of mailing of the international search report $26/01/2001$
Name and mailing address of the ISA European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2 NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl, Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016	Authorized officer Pernice, C



International Application No
PCT/NL 00/00423

C.(Continua	(Continuation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT						
Category °	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.					
Y A	US 5 126 518 A (BECKETT D GREGORY) 30 June 1992 (1992-06-30) the whole document	11 1-10, 12-18					
	30 June 1992 (1992-06-30) the whole document US 5 408 804 A (SCHROEDER KLAUS) 25 April 1995 (1995-04-25) the whole document	1-10,					



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			ĘS	2030041 1	01-05-1997

Interr nal Application No PCT/NL 00/00423

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER IPC 7 865077/20 8650 865D81/34 B65B7/16 According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC B. FIELDS SEARCHED Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) IPC 7 B65D B65B Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used) EPO-Internal C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT Category Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages Relevant to claim No. X,P EP 0 960 825 A (BECTON DICKINSON CO) 1 December 1999 (1999-12-01) 1,7-9, 12, 17, 18 Y the whole document 2-6,10, 11,13-16 Y EP 0 520 257 A (GRACE W R & CO) 2-4,13,30 December 1992 (1992-12-30) 14 cited in the application the whole document WO 98 23443 A (BARMORE CHARLES R ; LUTHRA γ 5,10,15 NARENDER P (US); CRYOVAC INC (US); MUELL) 4 June 1998 (1998-06-04) the whole document US 4 935 252 A (SIMON FREDERICK E ET AL) 6,16 19 June 1990 (1990-06-19) X the whole document 12 -/---Further documents are tisted in the continuation of box C Patent family members are listed in annex. Special categories of cited documents: 'T' later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the "A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance *E* earlier document but published on or after the international "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to filing date 'L' document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified) involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone "Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled *O* document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed *&* document member of the same patent family Date of the actual completion of the international search Date of mailing of the international search report 18 January 2001 26/01/2001 Name and mailing address of the ISA Authorized officer European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2 NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl. Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016 Pernice, C

Interr nal Application No
PCT/NL 00/00423

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	tion) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Releva	nt to claim No.
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	the whole document		12-18
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	the whole document		
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			JP :	2000023659 A	25-01-2000
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			E۲	0611695 A	24-08-1994

(19) W rld Intellectual Property Organization International Bureau



(43) International Publication Date 22 February 2001 (22.02.2001)

PCT

(10) International Publication Number WO 01/12523 A1

(51) International Patent Classification⁷: 81/34, B65B 7/16

B65D 77/20.

(21) International Application Number: PCT/NL00/00423

(22) International Filing Date: 16 June 2000 (16.06.2000)

(25) Filing Language:

Dutch

(26) Publication Language:

English

(30) Priority Data: 1012346

16 June 1999 (16.06.1999) N

(71) Applicant and

- (72) Inventor: BONGERS, Cornelis, Margaretha, Theodorus, Maria [NL/NL]; Dr. Klompélaan 20, NL-5707 KR Helmond (NL).
- (74) Agent: VERHEES, Godefridus, Josephus, Maria; Brabants Octrooibureau, De Pinckart 54, NL-5674 CC Nuenen (NL).

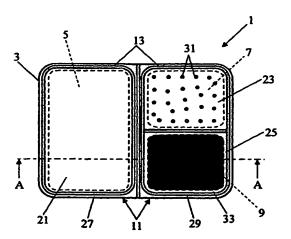
- (81) Designated States (national): AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW.
- (84) Designated States (regional): ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

Published:

- With international search report.
- Before the expiration of the time limit for amending the claims and to be republished in the event of receipt of amendments.

For two-letter codes and other abbreviations, refer to the "Guidance Notes on Codes and Abbreviations" appearing at the beginning of each regular issue of the PCT Gazette.

(54) Title: METHOD OF SEPARATELY PACKAGING DIFFERENT KINDS OF FOOD AND PACKAGE THEREFORE



(57) Abstract: In a working method for the separate packaging of different types of food in a single package, food is placed on a tray (3) with different compartments (5, 7, 9) open on one side, with one type of food being placed in each compartment. Subsequently a film structure film (11) is placed above the open sides of the compartments, with a part (21, 23, 25) of the film structure being placed above each compartment. Then the film structure (11) is fastened to the tray (3) around the openings of the compartments. To optimize the conditions in which the food is packaged for each type of food, the film structure (11) is comprised and/or processed such that the characteristics of the specified parts (21, 23, 25) f the film structure are different from each other. These circumstances can be improved even more by first determining, before comprising and/or processing the film structure (11), the characteristics of the food and then executing the composition and/or processing of the film structure (11) depending on the characteristics of the food.



NO 01/12523

METHOD OF SEPARATELY PACKAGING DIFFERENT KINDS OF FOOD AND PACKAGE THEREFORE

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Field of the invention

The invention relates to a working method for separately packaging various types of food in a single package, comprising: placing food on a tray with various compartments that are open on one side with one type of food placed in each compartment after which a film structure is placed above the open sides of the compartments, whereby above each compartment a part of the film structure is placed, followed by fastening the film structure on the tray around the open sides of the compartments. The term film structure can be understood to mean either one single film or a combination of various films on and/or beside each other, as well as film with a substance or a sticker on it.

Such packages are usually intended to allow consumers to quickly and easily prepare their own meals. Many or all of the necessary ingredients are present so that the consumer himself need not buy all the ingredients separately.

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Prior art

Such a working method is known from European patent no. 0 293 794 B1. In this known working method various types of food are packaged in a single package. To improve the shelf life of the various types of food, in the known working method the various types of food are stored under different atmospheric conditions. Some types of food are preferably stored in an oxygen-low environment while others instead are better stored in an atmosphere that is rich in oxygen. To this end, in the known working method the option exists of introducing preservative gases into the package during packaging in the various compartments of the package. In the known working method the possibility also exists of creating overpressure, underpressure, or a vacuum in one or more of the compartments during packaging.

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Summary of the invention

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An objective of the invention is to provide a working method of the type described in the preamble for the packaging of various types of food in a single package, in which even better individual circumstances can be created for the various types of food than with the known working method. To this end the working method according to the invention is characterized by the fact that the film structure is composed and/or processed such that the characteristics of at least some of the specified parts of the film structure are different from each other. This creates circumstances for the food in the package that are even better adapted per type of food. For example the space in a compartment of the package can be fully sealed off from the outside environment by an gas-impermeable part of the film structure, or indeed interacting with the outside environment by way of a gas-permeable part of the film structure.

The differences between the characteristics of the parts of the film structure are preferably different in a material sense, for example gas permeability, which factors have an influence upon the condition of the food in the compartments. The imprinting of parts of a transparent film with ink has little or no effect on the condition of the food so there is hardly a difference from the parts of the film which are not imprinted.

By utilizing a differentiated film structure in which the closure of each compartment can be coordinated with the type of food present in the compartment and the condition of the food, an optimal environment can be created for the food. In this way even in a package where no separate gas atmospheres are present in the compartments good circumstances can nonetheless be obtained for the food.

An embodiment of the working method according to the invention is characterized by the fact that in the composition and/or processing of the film structure in at least a number of the specified parts an active element can be introduced into the film structure. The term active element should be understood to mean an element that reacts with substances in the food or substances that are emitted by the food.

Preferably the active element in the form of an active substance is placed in and/or on the parts of the film structure. For example the substance might be a material that reacts with the oxygen in the compartment and thus removes the oxygen from the compartment and the food. This is desirable for those types of food that can be stored best

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in a low-oxygen atmosphere, for example for the protection of flavor and aroma against oxidation. Such substances are generally known, for example films that contain iron powder. The iron powder rusts and oxygen is withdrawn from the food and the atmosphere in the compartment. Instead of iron powder ascorbic acid or sulphite can also be used as an active substance. These substances, too, oxidize and oxygen is withdrawn from the food and the atmosphere in the compartment. In addition, enzymatic-acting substances can be applied to the film, such as glucose oxidase or ethanol oxidase in which enzymes are catalysts for an oxygen-consuming reaction.

The substance can also be a material, for example, that absorbs oxygen, for example a film of nylon polymer in which cobalt is present for a cobalt-catalyzed oxidation of the nylon polymer. Instead of, or in addition to, oxygen-absorbing substances, the film or sticker can also contain CO₂ absorbing or emitting substances, or ethylene absorbing substances, ethanol emitting substances, moisture-absorbing substances, etc. All of these substances are generally known.

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The active element can also be formed by applying a film structure that is activated upon radiation. By only radiating a number of the parts of the film structure, a film structure with varying characteristics is created. The material of the film structure should in this case be such that its characteristics can be changed by radiation or because certain substances in the material of the film structure can be activated by radiation. For example the material of the film structure can discolor in response to radiation and form a light barrier. In addition, as a result of radiation the material can be activated such that for example it obtains the characteristic that it reacts to oxygen and thus removes the oxygen from the compartment. Such a film is known from European patent application EP-A 0 520 257. This known film contains a combination of an oxidizable organic compound and a metallic transference catalyst. Here oxidation of the organic compound can be initiated by radiation. The manner of radiating is known from the international patent application WO 99/21699. Through this reference both documents are included in the present patent application. In this way food can be packaged both in a low-oxygen environment and a high-oxygen environment in a single package.

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Processing the film structure can comprise for example placing perforations in at least a number of the parts of the film structure, for example to allow the food to breathe. The size of the perforations or the number of perforations can be adjusted

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depending on the degree of respiration of the food. A film with microperforations can also be used.

A further embodiment of the working method according to the invention is characterized in that at the composition and/or processing of the film structure in at least some of the parts of the film structure, a passive element is introduced that manipulates radiation. Under a passive element that manipulates radiation one should think of an element that can resist radiation - for example microwaves in a microwave oven - reflect them, redistribute them, or absorb them and convert them into heat. For example an aluminum film can modify the field in a microwave such that the capacity in the microwave unit is redistributed and even heating is obtained. Materials that can absorb microwave energy and convert it into heat are, for example, aluminum, stainless steel and inconel.

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The composition of the film structure can for example take place by using first one film and then on parts of that film placing a second film or sticker. The second film or sticker can for example contain the above-mentioned active substance or consist of one of the above-mentioned materials that influence radiation. Or the first film can be perforated and the second film or sticker can be gas impermeable and seal off parts of the first film.

The film structure can also be composed for example by fastening two films to each other, after which one of the films is locally removed. The one film can for example be perforated and the other film can be a gas-impermeable film that is placed in separate parts on the perforated film. Parts of the gas-impermeable film can for example be peeled off the perforated film.

Yet another method of composing the film structure can for example be to place two or more films with different characteristics beside each other on the tray. For example the various films can contain an active substance, be perforated, be made of a radiation-influencing material, or be gas impermeable. Possibly the films can first be connected with each other before being placed on the tray.

The composition and/or processing of the film structure preferably takes place before food is placed on the tray. This decreases the chance that waste materials that may occur during the processing end up in the food.

Another favorable embodiment of the working method according to the invention is characterized in that, before the film structure is composed and/or processed, first the characteristics of the food are determined, after which the composition and/or

processing of the film structure takes place according to the characteristics of the food. Thus the conditions under which the food is stored can be better coordinated with the actual condition of the food. For example, if the respiration of the food is high, it may be desirable that the space in the compartment be more connected with the environment, such that a film structure with high permeability is desirable.

The invention also relates to a package manufactured according to the working method according to the invention comprising a tray with various compartments in which various types of food are present, with one type of food in each compartment, which compartments are closed off by a film structure that is connected to the tray around the openings of the compartments, where above each compartment part of the film structure is present.

As far as the package is concerned the invention is characterized in that the characteristics of at least some of the parts of the film structure are different. For example in at least some of the parts of the film structure there can be perforations, in and/or on at least a number of parts of the film structure an active element or active substance can be present, or at least in a number of parts of the film structure a passive element can be present that manipulates radiation.

In addition, the various characteristics can be acquired because the film structure is comprised of various films, for example a first film and a second film or a sticker that is present on parts of the first film, or two or more films beside each other with different characteristics.

Brief description of the drawings

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The invention will be elucidated more fully below on the basis of drawings in which embodiments of the working method and the package according to the invention are shown. In these drawings:

Figure 1 shows an embodiment of the package according to the invention in a top view;

Figure 2 shows the illustration in Figure 1 as a cross-section;

Figure 3 shows a diagram of a first embodiment of the working method according to the invention;

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Figure 4 shows a diagram of a second embodiment of the working method according to the invention;

Figure 5 shows a first embodiment of the composition of the film structure; and

Figure 6 shows a second embodiment of the composition of the film structure.

Detailed description of the drawings

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In Figures 1 and 2 an embodiment of the package according to the invention is shown in a top view respectively cross-section along line A-A. The package 1 is comprised of a tray 3 that has various compartments 5, 7, and 9 that are open on top. The compartments are closed off by a film structure 11 that is fastened via sealing seams 13 to flanges 15 of the tray 3.

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In the compartments 5, 7, 9 there are various types of food 17, 19. For each type of food an optimal closure of the compartment is present, because the film structure 11 is divided into various parts 21, 23, 25, that have different characteristics and each close off a compartment. For example part 21 and parts 23 and 25 form individual films 27 en 29 that are fastened side by side on the tray. Films 27 and 29 are for example transparent gas-impermeable films. To obtain optimal conditions in the compartments, for example, part 23 of the film 29 is provided with perforations 31 and another part 25 of the film 29 has a non-transparent sticker 33 that seals off the space in the compartment against light.

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To further improve the conditions under which the various types of food are packaged, various preservative gases 35, 37 can be introduced into the compartments.

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Figure 3 is a diagram showing a first embodiment of the working method according to the invention for packaging different types of food in a single package. Here in a separate production process 41 the film structure 43 is manufactured. In this production process 41 various films 45, 47 can be fastened on or on top of each other and/or the film structure can be processed. The fastening and/or the processing takes place in a machine 49.

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The film structure 43 is then brought into a further production process 51. In this production process 51 trays 53 are filled with different types of food 55, 57. Then the film structure 43 is brought above the open side of the tray 53. Then the film structure 43

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is sealed on the tray 53 by melting the film structure 43 to the tray 53 with a heated sealing stamp 59.

Figure 4 is a diagram showing a second embodiment of the working method according to the invention. Here the process of composing and/or processing the film structure is integrated into the process of filling the trays and the fastening of the film structure to the trays. After filling the compartments of the tray 53 with different types of food 55, 57 the condition of the food is measured. Depending on the conditions the machine 49 is set. In this manner for example the number of perforations per surface unit can be set. Thus the package can be even better coordinated with regard to the type of food being packaged.

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The film structure can be comprised in various ways. Figure 5 shows a first embodiment of the composition of the film structure and placement on a tray. Here the two different films 61 and 63 form, side by side, the film structure 65, and each film seals off one or more compartments of the tray 67.

Figure 6 shows a second embodiment of the composition of the film structure. Here two different films 71 and 73 are fastened to each other and form a film structure. The film structure thus formed 75 possesses different parts 77 and 79 to seal off different compartments of the trays 81.

Although the invention is explained above on the basis of drawings, it should be stressed that the invention is in no way limited to the embodiments shown in the drawings. The invention also extends to all embodiments deviating from the embodiments shown in the drawings within the context defined by the claims.

CLAIMS:

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- 1. Working method for separately packaging various types of food in a single package, comprising:
- placing food on a tray with different compartments open on one side, with one type of food being placed in each compartment,
- then placing a film structure above the open sides of the compartments, whereby above each compartment a part of the film structure is placed,
- followed by fastening the film structure to the tray around the openings of the compartments,
- characterized in that the film structure is comprised and/or processed such that the characteristics of at least some of the specified parts of the film structure are different from each other.
 - 2. Working method according to claim 1, characterized in that at the composition and/or processing of the film structure in at least some of the parts mentioned an active element is introduced into the film structure.
 - 3. Working method according to claim 2, characterized in that the active element in the form of an active substance is placed in and/or on the parts of the film structure.
- 4. Working method according to claim 2 or 3, characterized in that at least some of the parts of the film structure are irradiated.
 - 5. Working method according to one of the preceding claims, characterized in that there are perforations in at least some of the parts of the film structure.
 - 6. Working method according to one of the preceding claims, characterized in that in at least some of the parts of the film structure a passive element is placed that manipulates radiation.
 - 7. Working method according to one of the preceding claims, characterized in that the film structure is comprised of a first film with a second film or sticker being placed on parts of the first film.
- 8. Working method according to one of the preceding claims, characterized in that the film structure is comprised by fastening two films on each other, after which one of the films is removed locally.
 - 9. Working method according to one of the preceding claims, characterized in

that the film structure is comprised of two or more adjacent films with different characteristics.

10. Working method according to one of the preceding claims, characterized in that the composition and/or processing of the film structure takes place before food is placed on the tray.

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- 11. Working method according to one of the preceding claims, characterized in that before the film structure is comprised and/or processed first the characteristics of the food are determined, after which the composition and/or processing of the film structure takes place in accordance with the characteristics of the food.
- 12. Package manufactured according to a working method according to one of the preceding claims, comprising a tray with various compartments in which different types of food are present, with one type of food being present in each compartment, which compartments are closed off by a film structure that is fastened to the tray around the openings of the compartments, with part of the film structure being present above each compartment of the tray, characterized in that the characteristics of at least a number of parts of the film structure are different from each other.
 - 13. Package according to claim 12, characterized in that in at least some of the specified parts an active element is present in the film structure.
 - 14. Package according to claim 13, characterized in that the active element in the form of an active substance is present in and/or on the parts of the film structure.
 - 15. Package according to claim 12, 13 or 14, characterized in that there are perforations in at least some of the parts of the film structure.
 - 16. Package according to claim 12, 13, 14 or 15, characterized in that in at least some of the parts of the film structure a passive element is present and manipulates radiation.
 - 17. Package according to one of the preceding claims 12 through 16, characterized in that the film structure is comprised of a first film in which on parts of this film a second film or a sticker is present.
- 18. Package according to one of the preceding claims 12 through 17, characterized in that the film structure is comprised of two or more adjacent films with different characteristics.



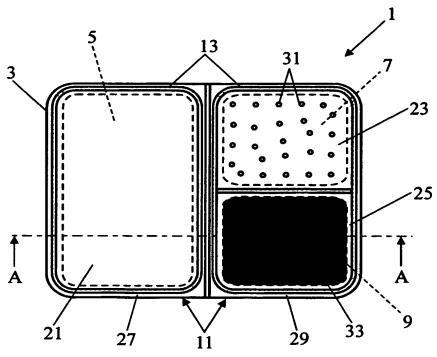


FIG. 1

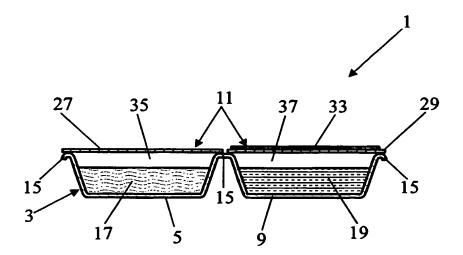


FIG. 2

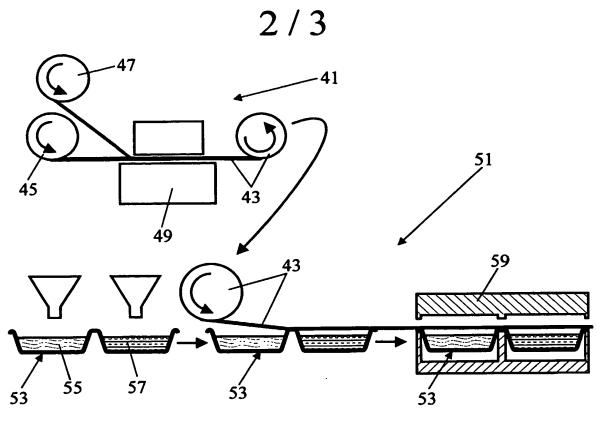


FIG. 3

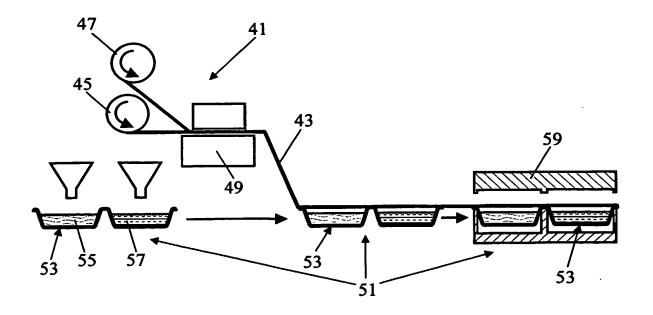


FIG. 4

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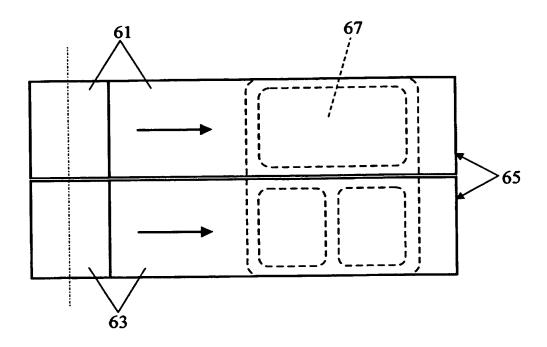


FIG. 5

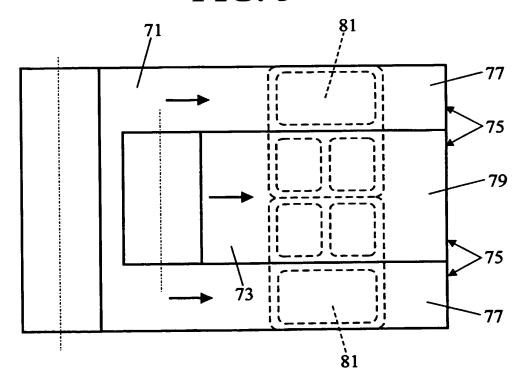


FIG. 6

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER
IPC 7 B65D77/20 B65D81/34 B65B7/16

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

IPC 7 B65D B65B

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

EPO-Internal

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT Relevant to claim No.				
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Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.	Patent family members are listed in annex.
Special categories of cited documents: A' document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance E' earlier document but published on or after the international filing date L' document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified) O' document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means P' document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed	 "T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone "Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art. "&" document member of the same patent family
Date of the actual completion of the international search	Date of mailing of the international search report
18 January 2001	26/01/2001
Name and mailing address of the ISA	Authorized officer
European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2 NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk TeL (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl, Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016	Pernice, C





Interr nal Application No PCT/NL 00/00423

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Working method for separately packaging various types of food in a single package as well as package manufactured according to this working method.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Field of the invention

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The invention relates to a working method for separately packaging various types of food in a single package, comprising: placing food on a tray with various compartments that are open on one side with one type of food placed in each compartment after which a film structure is placed above the open sides of the compartments, whereby above each compartment a part of the film structure is placed, followed by fastening the film structure on the tray around the open sides of the compartments package comprising a tray with various compartments in which different types of food are present, with one type of food being present in each compartment, which compartments are closed off by a film structure that is fastened to the tray around the openings of the compartments, with part of the film structure being present above each compartment of the tray, and at least a number of parts of the film structure are different from each other. The term film structure can be understood to mean either one single film or a combination of various films on and/or beside each other, as well as film with a substance or a sticker on it.

Such packages are usually intended to allow consumers to quickly and easily prepare their own meals. Many or all of the necessary ingredients are present so that the consumer himself need not buy all the ingredients separately.

Prior art

Such a working method is known from European patent no. 0 293 794 B1. In this known working method various types of food are packaged in a single package. To improve the shelf life of the various types of food, in the known working method the various types of food are stored under different atmospheric conditions. Some types of food are preferably stored in an oxygen low environment while others instead are better stored in an atmosphere that is rich in oxygen. To this end, in the

known working method the option exists of introducing preservative gases into the package during packaging in the various compartments of the package. In the known working method the possibility also exists of creating overpressure, underpressure, or a vacuum in one or more of the compartments during packaging. package is known from US 5.126.518. In this known package some parts are provided with a layer of microwave-reflective material and other parts not to effect a decreased flow of microwave energy to the foodstuffs in certain zones of the tray and an enhanced flow of microwave energy to the foodstuffs in the remainder of the tray.

Summary of the invention

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An objective of the invention is to provide a package working method of the type described in the preamble for the packaging of various types of food in a single package, in which even better individual circumstances can be created for the various types of food than with the known working method, for preservation of the food in the different compartments. To this end the package the working method according to the invention is characterized by the fact that the film structure is composed and/or processed such that the characteristics of at least-some of the specified parts of the film structure are different from each other these parts are gas-permeable and/or that a material which reacts with gasses in the respective compartments is provided in and/or on the film structure. This creates circumstances for the food in the package that are even better adapted per type of food. For example the space in a compartment of the package can be fully sealed off from the outside environment by an gas-impermeable part of the film structure, or indeed interacting with the outside environment by way of a gas-permeable part of the film structure. For example in at least some of the parts of the film structure there can be perforations, in and/or on at least a number of parts of the film structure an active element or active substance can be present, or at least in a number of parts of the film structure a passive element can be present that manipulates radiation

In addition, the various characteristics can be acquired because the film structure is comprised of various films, for example a first film and a second film or a sticker that is present on parts of the first film, or two or more films beside each other with different characteristics.

It is noted that from US-A-4.935.252 a food package is known having a

film structure comprising two films of which one is applied on the other and can be removed. This package contains only one compartment. Furthermore the differentiation of the film structure only relates to characteristics for preparation of the food and not for preservation.

The differences between the characteristics of the parts of the film structure are preferably different in a material sense, for example gas permeability, which factors have an influence upon the condition of the food in the compartments. The imprinting of parts of a transparent film with ink has little or no effect on the condition of the food so there is hardly a difference from the parts of the film which are not imprinted.

It is noted that from European patent no. 0 293 794 B1 a working method is known in which various types of food are packaged in a single package. To improve the shelf life of the various types of food, in the known working method the various types of food are stored under different atmospheric conditions. Some types of food are preferably stored in an oxygen-low environment while others instead are better stored in an atmosphere that is rich in oxygen.

By utilizing a differentiated film structure according to the present invention in which the closure of each compartment can be coordinated with the type of food present in the compartment and the condition of the food, an optimal environment can be created for the food. In this way even in a package where no separate gas atmospheres are present in the compartments good circumstances can nonetheless be obtained for the food.

An embodiment of the working method according to the invention is characterized by the fact that in the composition and/or processing of the film structure in at least a number of the specified parts an active element can be introduced into the film structure. The term active element should be understood to mean an element that reacts with substances in the food or substances that are emitted by the food.

Preferably the active element in the form of For example the material can be an active substance which is placed in and/or on the parts of the film structure. For example The substance might be a material that reacts with the oxygen in the compartment and thus removes the oxygen from the compartment and the food. This is desirable for those types of food that can be stored best in a low-oxygen atmosphere, for example for the protection of flavor and aroma against oxidation. Such substances are generally known, for example films that contain iron powder. The iron powder rusts and

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oxygen is withdrawn from the food and the atmosphere in the compartment. Instead of iron powder ascorbic acid or sulphite can also be used as an active substance. These substances, too, oxidize and oxygen is withdrawn from the food and the atmosphere in the compartment. In addition, enzymatic-acting substances can be applied to the film, such as glucose oxidase or ethanol oxidase in which enzymes are catalysts for an oxygen-consuming reaction.

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The substance can also be a material, for example, that absorbs oxygen, for example a film of nylon polymer in which cobalt is present for a cobalt-catalyzed oxidation of the nylon polymer. Instead of, or in addition to, oxygen-absorbing substances, the film or sticker can also contain CO₂ absorbing or emitting substances, or ethylene absorbing substances, ethanol emitting substances, moisture-absorbing substances, etc. All of these substances are generally known.

The material active element can also be formed by applying a film structure that is activated upon radiation. By only radiating a number of the parts of the film structure, a film structure with varying characteristics is created. The material of the film structure should in this case be such that its characteristics can be changed by radiation or because certain substances in the material of the film structure can be activated by radiation. For example the material of the film structure can discolor in response to radiation and form a light barrier. In addition, as a result of radiation the material can be activated such that for example it obtains the characteristic that it reacts to oxygen and thus removes the oxygen from the compartment. Such a film is known from European patent application EP-A 0 520 257. This known film contains a combination of an oxidizable organic compound and a metallic transference catalyst. Here oxidation of the organic compound can be initiated by radiation. This known package consists of only one compartment. Furthermore in this known package the entire film is irradiated, there is no differentiation of the film. The manner of radiating is known from the international patent application WO 99/21699. Through this reference both documents are included in the present patent application. In this way food can be packaged both in a low-oxygen environment and a high-oxygen environment in a single package.

The invention also relates to a package-manufactured according to the working method according to the invention comprising a tray with various compartments in which various types of food are present, with one type of food in each compartment, which compartments are closed off by a film structure that is connected to

the tray around the openings of the compartments, where above each compartment part of the film structure is present for separately packaging various types of food in a single package, comprising: placing food on a tray with different compartments open on one side, with one type of food being placed in each compartment, then placing a film structure above the open sides of the compartments, whereby above each compartment a part of the film structure is placed, at least the characteristics of some of the specified parts of the film structure are different from each other, followed by sealing fastening the film structure to the tray around the openings of the compartments.

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As far as the <u>working method package</u> is concerned the invention is characterized in that the characteristics of at least some of the parts of the film structure are different the film structure is comprised or processed such that the characteristics of at least some of the specified parts of the film structure are different from each other some of the parts of the film structure are gas permeable and/or are provided with a material in and/or on the film structure which material reacts with gasses in the respective compartments.

Processing the film structure can comprise for example placing perforations in at least a number of the parts of the film structure, for example to allow the food to breathe. The size of the perforations or the number of perforations can be adjusted depending on the degree of respiration of the food. A film with microperforations can also be used.

A further embodiment of the working method according to the invention is characterized in that at the composition and/or processing of the film structure in at least some of the parts of the film structure, a passive element is introduced that manipulates radiation. Under a passive element that manipulates radiation one should think of an element that can resist radiation—for example microwaves in a microwave oven—reflect them, redistribute them, or absorb them and convert them into heat. For example an aluminum film can modify the field in a microwave such that the capacity in the microwave unit is redistributed and even heating is obtained. Materials that can absorb microwave energy and convert it into heat are, for example, aluminum, stainless steel and inconel.

The composition of the film structure can for example take place by using first one film and then on parts of that film placing a second film or sticker. The second film or sticker can for example contain the above-mentioned active substance or consist of one of the above-mentioned materials that influence radiation. Or the first

film can be perforated and the second film or sticker can be gas impermeable and seal off parts of the first film.

The film structure can also be composed for example by fastening two films to each other, after which one of the films is locally removed. The one film can for example be perforated and the other film can be a gas-impermeable film that is placed in separate parts on the perforated film. Parts of the gas-impermeable film can for example be peeled off the perforated film.

Yet another method of composing the film structure can for example be to place two or more films with different characteristics beside each other on the tray. For example the various films can contain an active substance, be perforated, be made of a radiation-influencing material, or be gas impermeable. Possibly the films can first be connected with each other before being placed on the tray.

The composition and/or processing of the film structure preferably takes place before food is placed on the tray. This decreases the chance that waste materials that may occur during the processing end up in the food.

Another favorable embodiment of the working method according to the invention is characterized in that, before the film structure is composed and/or processed, first the characteristics of the food are determined, after which the composition and/or processing of the film structure takes place according to the characteristics of the food. Thus the conditions under which the food is stored can be better coordinated with the actual condition of the food. For example, if the respiration of the food is high, it may be desirable that the space in the compartment be more connected with the environment, such that a film structure with high permeability is desirable.

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Brief description of the drawings

The invention will be elucidated more fully below on the basis of drawings in which embodiments of the working method and the package according to the invention are shown. In these drawings:

Figure 1 shows an embodiment of the package according to the invention in a top view;

Figure 2 shows the illustration in Figure 1 as a cross-section;

Figure 3 shows a diagram of a first embodiment of the working method

according to the invention;

[Further page 6, line 1]

CLAIMS:

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- 1. Package (1) manufactured according to a working method according to one of the preceding claims, comprising a tray (3) with various compartments (5, 7, 9) in which different types of food (17, 19) are present, with one type of food being present in each compartment, which compartments (5, 7, 9) are closed off by a film structure (11) that is fastened sealed to the tray (3) around the openings of the compartments, above each compartment (5, 7, 9) of the tray a part (21, 23, 25) of the film structure (11) being present, characterized in that the characteristics of and at least a number of these parts (21, 23, 25) of the film structure (11) are different from each other, characterized in that these parts (21, 23, 25) are gas-permeable and/or that a material which reacts with gasses in the respective compartments is provided in and/or on some of these parts of the film structure (11).
- 13. Package according to claim 12, characterized in that in at least some of the specified parts an active element is present in the film structure.
- 14. Package according to claim 13, characterized in that the active element in the form of an active substance is present in and/or on the parts of the film structure.
 - 2. Package according to claim 1 12, 13 or 14, characterized in that there are perforations (31) in at least some of the parts (23) of the film structure (11).
 - Package according to claim 12, 13, 14 or 15, characterized in that in at least some of the parts of the film structure a passive element is present and manipulates radiation.
 - <u>3</u>. Package according to one of the preceding claims 12 through 16 claim 1 or 2, characterized in that the film structure (11; 43; 75) is comprised of a first film (29; 45; 71) in which on some parts (25; 77) of this film a second film (47; 73) or a sticker (23) is present.
 - 4. Package according to one of the preceding claims 12 through 17 claims 1, 2 or 3, characterized in that the film structure (65) is comprised of two or more adjacent films (61, 63) with different characteristics.
- 5. Working method for separately packaging various types of food in a single package, comprising:
 - placing food (17, 19) on a tray (3) with different compartments (5, 7, 9) open on one side, with one type of food (17, 19) being placed in each compartment (5, 7, 9),
 - then placing a film structure (11) above the open sides of the compartments (5,

- 7, 9), whereby above each compartment a part (21, 23, 25) of the film structure (11) is placed, at least the characteristics of some of the specified parts (21, 23, 25) of the film structure (11) are different from each other,
- followed by <u>sealing fastening</u> the film structure (11) to the tray (3) around the openings of the compartments (5, 7, 9),

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- characterized in that the film structure (11) is emprised or processed such that the characteristics of at least some of the specified parts of the film structure are different from each other some of the parts (21, 23, 25) of the film structure (11) are gas permeable and/or are provided with a material in and/or on the film structure (11) which material reacts with gasses in the respective compartments (5, 7, 9).
- 2. Working method according to claim 1, characterized in that at the composition and/or processing of the film structure in at least some of the parts mentioned an active element is introduced into the film structure.
- 3: Working method according to claim 2, characterized in that the active element in the form of an active substance is placed in and/or on the parts of the film structure.
- 6. Working method according to claim 5, characterized in that at least some of the parts (21, 23, 25) of the film structure (11) are irradiated.
- 7. Working method according to one of the preceding claim 5 or 6, characterized in that perforations (31) are made in at least some of the parts (23) of the film structure (11).
- 6. Working method according to one of the preceding claims, characterized in that in at least some of the parts of the film structure a passive element is placed that manipulates radiation.
- Working method according to one of the preceding claims 5 to 7, characterized in that the film structure (11; 43; 75) is comprised produced by taking of a first film (29; 45; 71) on parts (25; 77) of which with a second film (47; 73) or sticker (23) being is placed on parts of the first film.
 - 9. Working method according to one of the preceding claims 5 to 8, characterized in that the film structure is comprised produced by fastening two films on each other, after which one of the films is removed locally.
 - 10. Working method according to one of the preceding claims 5 to 9, characterized in that the film structure (65) is comprised produced of two or more adjacent films (61, 63) with different characteristics which are adjacent to each other.

- 11. Working method according to one of the preceding claims 5 to 10, characterized in that the composition and/or processing of the film structure takes place before food is placed on the tray.
- 12. Working method according to one of the preceding claims 5 to 11, characterized in that before the film structure is comprised and/or processed first the characteristics of the food are determined, after which the composition and/or processing of the film structure takes place in accordance with the characteristics of the food.

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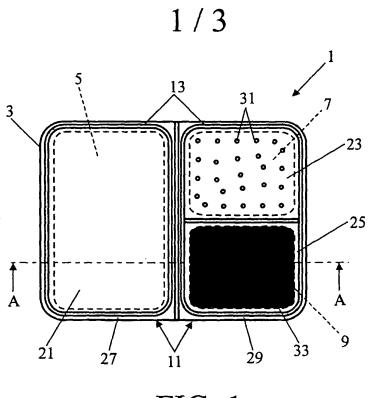


FIG. 1

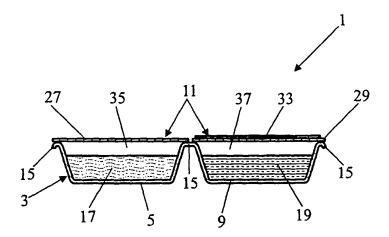


FIG. 2

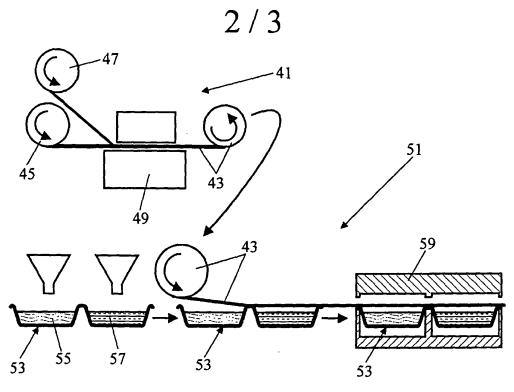


FIG. 3

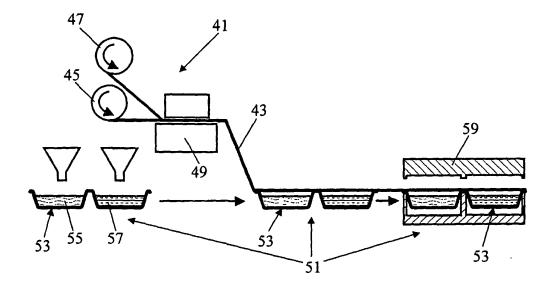


FIG. 4

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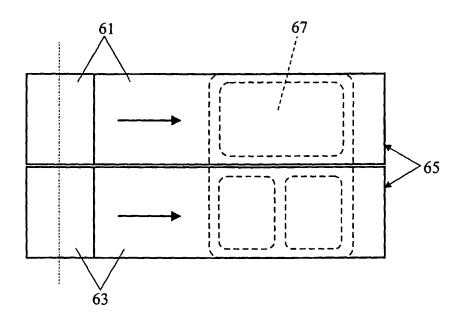


FIG. 5

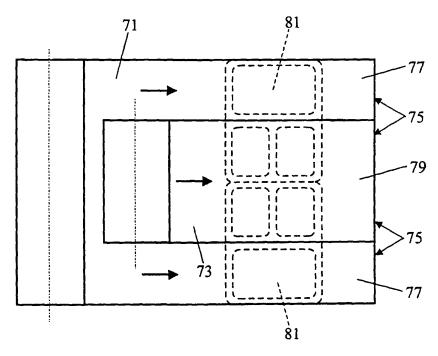


FIG. 6